THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 36

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—To a good tenant, the House now occupied by Capt. Geo. Mellersh, containing six rooms, pantry, kitchen and servants' room. Also, a House having four rooms and kitchen. Apply to
GEO. P. ZEIGLER,
sep30 tf Cor. Hill and Alabama streets.

FOR RENT.—STOREHOUSE, No. 11 Union street, (Lee Block), 194 feet deep—now occupied by Galbreath, Stewart & Co. Also a Basement and Offices in the Knickerbocker Building, Nos. 16 and 18 Madison street. Apply to
WM. RICHARDSON HUNT,
sept 4 tf No. 15 Union street.

FOR RENT.—The large COTTON SHED of Wormeley & Pickett, on Madison street, extending through to Court; also the splendid Store and Cellar No. 27 Adams street. Possession given immediately. Apply to
WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO.,
au9 27 Adams street.

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 13 Jefferson street, two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Lease, with Bar, Stock, Licenses, and full out-fit—International Saloon, 17 Monroe street, opposite the new Hotel—low for cash.
W. A. WHEATLEY,
oct 6t No. 5 Rethel Block.

FOR SALE.—One UPRIGHT BOILER AND ENGINE, on iron frame, 4-horse power. Call at Water Tanks, foot of Madison street.
sep19

FOR SALE.—PATENT RIGHT.—The Patent Right of a newly invented "Lock Guard" for any State in the Union can be secured by application to the undersigned. It is useful, and will pay active men who engage in its sale. One in use at this office, where those interested can inspect it. Address
SAM SHLOSS, Appeal.
aug 12

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash, or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 200. My residence, with from 14 to 22 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

WANTED—To rent, a Residence convenient to business, somewhere between Exchange and Vance streets, and not more than two or three squares from Main, containing about five or six rooms besides servants' room. Address JOHN AINSLIE,
[oct 1tf]

WANTED TO EXCHANGE.—I have a tract of 540 Acres of Land, twelve miles from Dover, the county town of Stewart county, Tennessee, which I desire to exchange for city property. S. P. YEAMANS, Attorney,
oct 1 tf 332 Second stree', Memphis.

WANTED—Chambermaids and Scrubbers at
oct 1tf COMMERCIAL HOTEL.

WANTED—By a competent man, a situation as Book-keeper or Salesman—a Cotton and Grocery house preferred. The applicant has been engaged in business in Memphis for twelve years. The best of city and country references given. Address T., care J. M. Keating, APPEAL office. sell

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper by an experienced business man and thorough accountant. Address B. C., Appeal office. au20

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—Furnished Rooms with Board, at 161 second street. References required.
sep2

STOLEN.

HORSE STOLEN.—On last Tuesday night, about 11 o'clock, from my lot, my riding Horse 815. I followed him as far as Holly Springs and LaGrange. The thief offered him for sale in both the livery stables at Holly Springs. I am inclined to think he will make for the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Said horse is a large bay, 17½ hands high, very broad across the hips, a little larger on the left hip than the right, left hind foot white, broad flat forehead, walks and trots well, and a No. 1 loper, very short body for a horse of his size; on the left shoulder is a brand M, and J. P. under it, and a J. P. on the left hip; saddle and harness marks around his girth, a scar on one of his ankles, I don't recollect which; mane a little worn by collar. I will give Fifty Dollars for the recovery of the horse or any information so that I will get him again, or One Hundred Dollars for the thief and horse.
F. J. BOYDT.
Sardis, Miss., October 1, 1868. oct6 1m

NOTICES.

Notice.

ALL articles left at my Shop for repair and not called for within thirty (30) days, will be sold to pay charges.
WM. SCHNEIDER,
Gun Maker, No. 42 Washington street.
oct8 10t

Notice.

MR. D. J. BOYLE became a member of our firm on the 1st inst., the firm style remaining unchanged.
HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.
September 16, 1868. sep17 1m

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. I refer to Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co.
oct8 tf A. WRIGHT,

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, hearer to me.
ap15 A. WRIGHT.

NOTICE.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE LIBERAL
CASH ADVANCES ON SHIPMENTS
of Cotton to our correspondents in New Orleans, La.
MARTIN WALT & CO.,
Memphis, Sep. 29, 1868 [1m] 272 Front st

LAWYERS.

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
Rooms 5 & 6 Knickerbocker Building,
18 MADISON STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Special attention given to Internal Revenue and Admiralty cases. ln30

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE
PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors
ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.
☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States, Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.
Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.
PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.
THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.
The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy3-sep10 1y

S. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK, LUKE E. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law.
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 2 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

SADDLERY, ETC.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.
BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.
AT REDUCED RATES.
C. E. CABE, J. [illegible] & CO.,
177 Main street,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup,
sep1 tf Woodruff Block.

McCLELLAN.

His Emphatic Indorsement of Seymour and the Democracy.

NEW YORK, October 5.

To Douglas Taylor, Esq., Chairman:

Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of your invitation to preside over the Democratic meeting of Monday next. I have long since determined to abstain from further participation in political life, and therefore find myself compelled to decline the honor you proffer me. I should, however, be glad to attend the meeting as a private citizen, did not an engagement of a domestic nature render imperative my absence from the city upon the day in question.

I gladly avail myself of this opportunity to express my continued hearty sympathy with the Democratic cause, and my wishes—ardent wishes—for the success of those constitutional principles for which the recent war was undertaken by the North. Separated as I thus am from the distinguished soldier who has been chosen as the leader of our opponents, I know that you agree with me in the highest respect for the services he has rendered our country; but it is my conviction that the measures of the party which has placed him in nomination are but continuations of strife, and can never restore peace or constitutional supremacy, and thereby complete the work that he and the other brave soldiers so nobly commenced.

The war was only the first epoch in the history of struggles in which we have been long engaged. The work of the soldier is, I trust, forever ended, and it now remains for the people to fulfill the great object for which they or their sons and brothers were called to the field. A restored Union of States and hearts; an invigorated Constitution to be firmly and faithfully supported by the maintainance of the national credit inviolate, and the establishment of national and State rights in all their integrity, and thus true harmony and a lasting peace. These are the objects for which every citizen should now strive for.

Believing they rest in the success of the Democratic cause by the election of the eminent statesman selected to represent the party, it is my intention to sustain that cause as a private citizen, with the request that you will convey to the gentlemen of the committee and any other friends for whom you act, my sincere thanks for the compliment they have paid me.

I am most truly yours,
GEO. B. MCCLELLAN.

MASONIC.

Proceedings of M. W. Grand Lodge of Tennessee—Second Day.

From the Nashville Union and American.]

The M. W. Grand Lodge met at 10 o'clock, a.m., the Grand Officers being in their respective stations.

The Committee on Appeals and Dispensations submitted various reports, which were discussed and disposed of.

The Special Committee to whom was referred the Annual Address of the M. W. Grand Master, submitted a report recommending that this Grand Lodge, in accordance with the suggestion of the address, call a Lodge of Sorrow in token of regard for the memory of M. W. Charles A. Fuller, P. G. M. of Tennessee, and late Grand Secretary of this Grand Lodge; and, on motion, a resolution was adopted accordingly; whereupon the M. W. Grand Master ordered that said Lodge of Sorrow be called to meet at 7 p.m., at the Concert Hall in Masonic Temple.

A communication from Union Lodge No. 113, requesting the Grand Lodge of Tennessee to approve of Hartsville Female Institute as a Masonic institution, was received and referred to a special committee to consider and report.

A similar communication from King Lodge No. 94, at Gallatin, relative to a similar school to be established at Gallatin, was received and referred to a special committee.

The M. W. Past Grand Master Mitchell, of the Grand Lodge of Missouri, was announced and received with the appropriate Grand Honors, and addressed the Grand Lodge on the origin and history of Masonry, in an eloquent speech of about thirty minutes, which was listened to with the deepest interest by the brethren.

At the close of this speech the Grand Lodge was called off till half past two o'clock, p.m.

The Grand Lodge resumed business at half past two o'clock, p.m., when several reports were submitted on appeals and dispensations, which were received and discussed.

Bros. Nelson and Duggan gave very instructive and interesting lectures on the Fellow-Craft's Degree, which were highly appreciated by the Craft.

The Grand Lodge was then called off till seven o'clock, p.m., at which time the Grand Officers for the ensuing year were to be elected.

The Grand Lodge met again at seven p.m., and proceeded to the election of Grand Officers for the ensuing year, which resulted in the choice of the following

GRAND OFFICERS:

Bro. Jonathan Dawson, of Paris, Grand Master; Bro. John F. Slover, of Athens, Deputy Grand Master; Bro. A. J. Wheeler, of Memphis, Senior Grand Warden; Bro. James P. Hanper, of Franklin, Junior Grand Warden; Bro. Williamson H. Horn, of Nashville, Grand Treasurer; Bro. John Frizzell, of Nashville, Grand Secretary; Bro. Isham G. Harris, of Memphis, Grand Orator.

The Grand Lodge was called from labor to refreshment till to-day at 10 a.m.

Death of Hon. Tas. W. Newman.

We regret to learn, as we do from our Nashville papers, of the death of Hon. Tazewell W. Newman, of Franklin county. He died at his residence near Winchester, on Friday the 2d inst., after a somewhat protracted illness. Mr. Newman was Speaker of the Tennessee Senate during the session of 1860 and '61, and was Colonel of the 17th (Confederate) Tennessee regiment during the war.

Col. Newman was a native of Knoxville, and his death will be lamented by those among whom he grew up to manhood. He was the eldest son of the late Jacob Newman.

UNSPEAKABLE outrages upon women and children have become so common in nearly every part of the country, but more especially in the South, and attended by such bloody brutality, that it would seem impossible to propose any punishment too severe for the perpetrators. Yet, in the face of guilt surely established, and circumstances attending it of the most horrible character, two of these offenders have been respited from the gallows, by Gov. Wells, of Virginia, after they had made every preparation to die. We do not wonder that the indignation of the people is intense. If rape and murder are thus to be encouraged, it is not too difficult to foresee the terrible consequences. There will be a deplorable increase of a belief in the justice of lynch law.—*New York Evening Express, October 2d.*

THE Cairo *Democrat* of Tuesday morning says: The Odd Fellows dedicated their new hall last night with imposing and beautiful ceremonies, many ladies and gentlemen being present. Mr. Geo. W. Wall, of DuQuoin, delivered an able and eloquent address, in which he gave the history of the Order from beginning to end. All who listened to his splendid language pronounced it the finest effort they had ever heard. William H. Green, Grand Marshal, and the other officers of the Lodge engaged in the ceremonies.

DANGERS OF THE SEA.

Horrible Butchery of a Ship's Crew.

An Italian vessel, the Theresa, trading on the coast of China, was recently the scene of a fearful slaughter committed by coolies. The particulars of this tragedy are as follows:

The Theresa left Macao on the 9th of February with 296 coolies and a cargo of silk, tea, etc. At the end of sixty-two days she arrived in sight of the shores of New Zealand. While the crew were occupied in the forepart of the vessel the coolies rushed to the cabins and seized the arms lying there. They then attacked the crew, and in about ten minutes a dozen sailors (Italians) were killed, hacked to pieces, and flung into the sea. The second mate, who defended himself bravely, received the contents of a gun fired close to him by a sailor who was forced by the coolies to commit the murder. The boatswain's mate received nineteen wounds and was put in irons. After eighty days of horrible tortures (nails being driven into his head) he was killed about forty-eight hours before the vessel arrived off the coast of China.

After having exterminated nearly the whole of the crew the coolies began fighting among themselves, and fifty of them were killed. The victorious party then proceeded to decapitate the dead, whose heads, packed in boxes, were stowed away in the hold. The unfortunate wife of the captain was confined between decks, and was subjected to the most cruel treatment.

The majority of the coolies were pirates, and were perfectly acquainted with the use of the compass and with the charts. They compelled the captain to steer for the port of Tim Pack. On arriving here the Theresa was pillaged by them, and the mesdarins aided in stripping the vessel. In this condition the vessel, abandoned by the pirates, arrived at Macao, having on board the remainder of the crew, consisting of eight sailors and the wife of the captain.

DISASTER.

Fire on the Lakes—Sad Loss of Life.

From the Louisville Democrat.]

OSWEGO, October 6.—The propeller Perseverance, Capt. John Fitz Gibbons, of the Welland railway, took fire fifteen miles off Putney Villa about 2 o'clock this morning and burned to the water's edge. The fire was discovered by the engineer, who showed it to the first mate, he being then on watch, and almost before they could realize the spalling fact the propeller was completely enveloped in flames. Two of her boats were on fire before they could be reached, but the third was launched and put with the two mates and two men and a boy. There were nineteen persons aboard, fourteen including the Captain, perished in the flames. The propeller Enterprise, of the same line, was about fifteen miles astern of the Perseverance and she picked up a boat containing the persons above named, and arrived here with them this evening. The Enterprise remained near the burning steamer until day-light, at which time the wrecks were afloat. The Captain's son, who was first mate, is among the saved. The cargo consisted of 20,137 bushels of corn for T. S. Mott, Oswego. Both boat and cargo were insured. The Perseverance was a first-class propeller and was employed wholly in the green trade between Welland and Oswego. This is one of the most heartrending accidents, and has cast a gloom over the whole community. Capt. Gibbons formerly resided in this city and was well known and much respected. The following are the names of those who were lost; John Fitz Gibbons, Captain; Michael Fitz Gibbons, steward, son of the Captain; Alex. McArthur, 1st engineer; Chas. Mason, 2d engineer; Andrew James, Patrick and Henry Scott, firemen; Dalf Bisnet, wheelsman; four deck hands with unknown French names and Mrs. Davis and daughter. Survivors' names: Fitz Gibbons, 1st mate, son of the Captain: W. Thompson, 2d mate; Peter Lseghe, wheelsman; a deck hand, name unknown; Patrick Lynch, the porter.

SPAIN.

Hopeful Signs of Progression.

Railroads—The Press—Education—Material Prosperity.

From the New York Evening Post.]

"The question which underlies all other questions in the Peninsula, is the question of dynasty," wrote an uncommonly intelligent Englishman in 1866 The singular announcement made yesterday by the Spanish Minister in Washington, that "the Spanish Monarchy has ceased to exist," would seem to promise that this fundamental question was in the course of settlement.

How it will be settled, it is not easy now to tell; but the flight of the Queen and the establishment of a provisional government may be supposed to leave the way clear for the establishment of a government which shall be suitable to the spirit of the people.

Those who judge Spain by the corrupt court of the late Queen are excusable if they have small hopes of a stable and liberal government among the Spaniards; but those who know the people are more hopeful of the future. Railroads, which now traverse Spain in different directions, have done much already, according to intelligent observers, in spreading new ideas among the Spanish middle class; and perhaps their natural effect in promoting intercourse between different parts of the country may be reasonably counted on to facilitate the efforts of Spanish statesmen to establish a useful and stable government.

With the extension of the Spanish railway system, a large amount of capital has been introduced from abroad into the country, and thus the general prosperity has been increased. Nor do the Spanish people fail to recognize the benefits of the iron roads. The English writer from whom we have quoted above remarks that the promise of a road or a bridge is commonly used as a bribe to induce the people to vote for the government candidates at elections.

The extension of education may also be supposed to promise a beneficial result in this crisis of Spanish affairs. In 1832 there were only 700 educational establishments in all Spain, and in 1859 there were but 900. In 1857 there had increased to 22,207, of which 17,009 boys' schools were attended by 624,882 scholars; 5021 girls' schools had 201,200 scholars; and 287 asylums for children educated 21,100; in all, 830,182. In 1861 the number of children in the schools had increased to 1,048,568; and it was noticed that the boys were to the girls as nine to four.

Moreover, in 1864 Spain had 279 journals, of which 62 were published daily, and 93 were neither political nor religious.

The Court of Queen Isabella was controlled by priests and favorites; but the Spanish priesthood has no longer that positive political power which is secured by large territorial possessions. The estates of the Church have been sold; and, as in Mexico, the people have been quite ready to buy them. Nor is the spiritual power of the priesthood so great as is commonly believed. The constitution of 1845, which was that under which Isabella ruled, recognised the liberty of religious opinion, but not the freedom of worship; but how likely the last right is to be granted, may perhaps be judged from the fact that, so long ago as 1855, a motion to establish complete religious toleration was lost by only four votes in a house of two hundred and two.

It is a promising circumstance, also, that there has been for some years an undoubted increase in the material prosperity of the Spanish people. Not only is this true in the general—as is shown by the fact that exports and imports increased by three hundred and fifty per cent. between 1843 and 1860; but it is certain that agricultural production has even more rapidly increased; that the use of meat is becoming more common; that the number of domestic animals has greatly multiplied of late; and that the consumption of coal has more than quadrupled within a few years.

Moreover, it should be counted among the hopeful signs for Spain that the leaders of the party of progress, who we may suppose will control the new government, seem to have some sound political ideas. They look to internal improvements rather than external aggrandizement. They opposed the Spanish expeditions against St. Domingo, Peru and Mexico.

Aside from those peculiar abuses which Spain has lately suffered from the misgovernment of her Queen, the country is injured by a mass of restrictive laws which almost crush commerce, impede production, and burden the people with multiplied taxes and a host of ill-paid and corrupt officers. A simplified tax system abolishing monopolies, the *octroi* and the high protective tariff, as well as lotteries, and the establishment of free discussion on all subjects, would, it is not unlikely, do much to restore quiet to the country; and quiet—peace, security, are what Spain chiefly needs to set her fairly on the way upwards. Her debt is not so large as to be oppressive, even if she had made an honorable settlement with her creditors. Her natural wealth is great, and her general circumstances are more favorable now than at any previous time, to a successful reorganization of the government, and the establishment of a liberal system which might enable Spaniards slowly but surely to regain some part of their ancient prosperity and wealth.

CATHOLICISM.

The Approaching Ecumenical Council at Rome.

From the New York Herald.]

When the bull of Pius the Ninth convoking a General (or Ecumenical) Council for the 8th of December, 1869, was made public some months ago it was felt by all that a great novelty was in store for those who should have the good fortune to see the closing days of 1869. For more than three hundred years Ecumenical Councils have been things of the past, known only to the student of history and forming no part of the living, actual present. While, however, it was the general opinion that an Ecumenical Council would be a startling and magnificent novelty it was doubted by many both within and without the Catholic Church whether an Ecumenical Council in the proper sense of the phrase was a possibility. Time was when a General Council, convened by a Roman emperor, who was virtually the ruler of the then Roman world, was fairly entitled to the name Ecumenical. If any of the habitable earth lay beyond the confines of the empire, it was at least certain that Christendom lay within the confines of the empire. For the first ten centuries of the Church's history General Councils were within the region of the possible; and it is only fair to admit that the first seven Councils, beginning with the first of Nice and ending with the second of Nice, were fairly representative of the Christian Church, although an Ecumenical Council is a convenient fiction which usage only has made tolerable. It is undeniable that since the second Council of Nice, which sat in 787, the Greek or Eastern Church has never been represented in the decisions of any General Council. The Council which met at Constantinople in 869 and which failed to heal existing divisions is not considered of any authority by any section of the Eastern Church; and in the nine General Councils which followed, beginning with the first Lateran and ending with that of Trent, the Eastern Church has taken no part. The great religious revolution of the sixteenth century which severed Western Christendom in two seems to have put an end to the idea of General Councils; for since the Council of Trent, which was convened to heal the disorders of the Church and which miserably failed of its purpose, no Council of the kind has been attempted. No Council could be general in the proper ecclesiastical sense of the term which ignored the existence or which did not include the representatives either of the Churches of the East or the Churches of the Reformation.

A General (or to recognize the term, Ecumenical) Council has thus for three hundred years and for the very best of reasons been deemed an impossibility. It was reserved for the present occupant of the Holy Chair to grapple with this difficulty. All the difficulties were felt by the religious public when the bull convoking the Council of 1869 was first published. How, it was asked, can a Council be general which is representative only of a section of the Christian Church? It was rumored at the time, although authoritative information on the point was desiderated, that this difficulty had not been wholly overlooked. It now appears from a telegram received within the last two days from Rome, that, so far as invitation goes, nothing will be left undone to make the Council of Rome of 1869 general in the full meaning of the word. According to this telegram an apostolic letter has been addressed by the Holy Father "to all non-Catholic religious bodies, announcing the forthcoming Ecumenical Council, and urging them to seize the occasion thus offered them of re-joining the Church." This is unquestionably the right thing to do. Nothing could be more wise; nothing could be more politic. It is as generous as it is politic and wise. We may now take it for granted that circulars have been addressed to the Patriarchs of Constantinople, of Alexandria, of Antioch, of Athens, of Moscow; to the Armenian Church, to the Church in Georgia, to the Maronites of Mount Lebanon, to the Nestorians, to the Churches of Roumania and Servia, to the whole Eastern Church, in fact, whatever be its name; to the Calvinists of France and Switzerland, to the Lutheran Churches of North Germany and Scandinavia, to the Reformed Churches in Holland, to the chiefs of the Anglican Establishment, and to the Dissenting bodies in England, to the General Assemblies and Synods of Scotland, to the Synod of Ulster and the moribund Establishment in Ireland, and to the thousand and one sections of the Church in the United States and over the Continent of America, not to particularize the Churches of Australia or the Christian bodies which are to be found in almost every island of the sea. To all sections of the so-called Christian Church, if we correctly interpret the telegram, apostolic circulars were despatched and there is no one who is not incurably schismatic in taste and tendency but will wish the experiment the most complete success.

It is not to be denied that the body of Christ, to use an ecclesiastical expression, is sadly divided. What with the Catholic Church and the Eastern Church and the countless divisions and subdivisions of the two latter there ought to be no lack of Christian freedom, if freedom, as some believe, is best secured by division. We are not prepared to say that no good has come from these divisions and subdivisions of the Church of Christ. It is perhaps quite true that mankind are better and nobler and wiser because of the revolutions of which names and sects and parties are the living present memorials. Many, we know, think it is so, and they have a perfect right to hold to their opinions. There are many, however, who think that we have had quite enough of division; that if something good has come out of schism, schism has been too long a dominant characteristic of Christianity, and that while the spirit of the religion of Jesus demands unity as emphatically as ever the actual wants of the Church have now rendered unity a necessity. If liberty has come from revolution and division there are few who will refuse to admit that strength would be certain to result from union; nor can any one deny that at the present moment strength is more a necessity than freedom. Not only is there a want of unity among the so-called Churches of Christ; there is positive antagonism. The forces of Christianity are not only not mutually helpful; they are mutually destructive. It is a kingdom divided, and divided against itself. Thus looking at the situation—considering, besides, the peculiar condition of the world at the present moment; considering the work which must be done and the problems which must be solved if Christianity is to retain its hold on the intellects and hearts of men and keep pace with the rapid movements of the age, and believing that a General Council, fairly representative of the Christianity of the world, if it could only be got together, would be powerful for good and in itself one of the greatest triumphs the Gospel ever won—we cannot refuse to credit the Holy Father with a pious intention, with a noble purpose and with great bravery of character, and to express the wish that Christendom, forgetful of party distinctions, will heartily respond to his generous call. Such a council would be ample compensation for all the sorrows of his long and checkered reign. Some persons, however, are wicked enough to doubt the genuineness of the invitation, while others equally perverse, persist in maintaining that an Ecumenical Council is an impossibility. We shall see.

LABOR CONGRESS.

Strikes Denounced and Co-operation Advised.

From the New York Mercantile Journal.]

It may seem strange that so far we have made no remarks upon the topics discussed at the "Congress of Workingmen" which was in session for several days in our own city. It was not, however, because we were unobservant spectators of what it was doing that we have hitherto refrained from noticing its proceedings, but because we were desirous that American operatives should speak for themselves. We were confident that when the result of their congressional debates should come before the world, it would show that they were intellectually, morally and politically in advance of their toiling brethren in other countries. And now that their session has closed, having adjourned *sine die* at noon on Saturday, 26th ult., we are glad to find that our confidence in their enlightened patriotism was not misplaced. The members of the Belgium Congress evidently did not understand the first principle of the doctrines of political economy. They seemed desirous not to heal the breach between the two which God and nation have joined together, (labor and capital,) but to widen it. According to these Solons, if the capitalist who owns the leather places it in the hands of a shoemaker, the product of the labor and leather combined, say a pair of shoes, becomes the property of the artisan, while the capitalist loses his capital, which was the leather.

In pleasing contrast to such contracted, selfish and irrational views are the broad, liberal, and, for the most part, philosophical conclusions at which the members of our national Labor Congress have arrived at on most of the vital economical questions, the misunderstanding of which, by employers and employed, has greatly intensified the contest which has been waged for sometime past, so unprofitably, between labor and capital.

In the afternoon sitting of the fifth day's session, in taking action upon the platform to be adopted, notwithstanding Mr. Keating's motion to obliterate the clause condemnatory of strikes, and the warm discussion which followed, in which Miss Anthony and Mrs. McDonald participated, the latter asserting that she "*believed in strikes* and in special providences," strikes were denounced in the vote which was taken, except *in extreme cases* and co-operation was made an important feature of the platform.

At the sixth and last day's session of the Congress, it was determined, by an almost unanimous vote, that its next session should be held at Pittsburg, Pa. Before adjourning the President remarked that as the working women were now incorporated in their organization their strength would probably be very appreciably increased and their influence widely extended before the next annual meeting.

Their deliberations were conducted with gravity and decorum, and manifested throughout the desire of the assembled delegates to improve, morally and physically, the condition of the working classes, and to elevate them to their true position in the social scale by encouraging them to practice the great social duties of industry, sobriety and economy.

TRIAL OF NEGRO INCENDIARIES.

Plot to Burn Tuscumbia Discovered.

From the Tuscumbia (Ala.) Christian Herald, October 1st.]

Jim Steel, Fred. Steel, Dan. Allen, Geo. Crim *alias* George Johnson, and Wash. Patterson, negroes, accused of burning the Tuscumbia Female Seminary, on the night of the 12th of September, had their trial before a Magistrate's Court, in this place last week, and were committed to jail. They will probably be tried this week, as the circuit court for this county is in session. The evidence thus far, and the confessions of several of the party, evidently show that there was a plan on foot to burn up our town. The burning of the seminary was but the beginning. A Col. Rugg, of the Freedmen's Bureau, Huntsville, Ala., has made himself rather conspicuous by interfering with the officers of the law when they wished to bring George Crim to this place. He threatened the officers who were sent from this place to bring Crim back with arrest by the militia. We suppose the negroes he had with him were his militia.

Curious Computation.

The Paris *Patrie* says: "The celebrated phrase of Gen. Foy will probably be remembered. He said from the tribune of the Chamber of Deputies, on the occasion of the passage of the bill for granting an indemnity of a thousand millions of francs to the French *emigres:* 'Do you know that an equal number of minutes has not elapsed since the death of Jesus Christ?' Although those words were pronounced nearly half a century ago, we have not even yet attained the amount. On the 25th of December next, calculating twenty bissextile years in every hundred, there will only have passed 989,368,000 minutes since the birth of our Saviour. A twelvemonth contains 525,000, so that we shall have to wait another thirty years before reaching this famous milliard, which will only be completed in 1902."

According to Mr. Atkinson, of Massachusetts, the Radical war will cost this country four thousand millions of dollars, or more than four dollars *per minute* since the birth of our Saviour.

Law of Marriage in Illinois.

Before Hon. Erastus S. Williams, Judge of the Circuit Court, Catharine Durgon vs. Susanna Maguire, administratrix of Bernard Maguire, which is a claim by plaintiff for the value of her services during seven years, when she cohabited with the deceased, supposing herself to be his wife, as she was reputed to be in the society in which he and she mingled—still on trial—the court instructed the jury that, to constitute a valid marriage, it is not necessary that all the statutory provisions shall be complied with, and that if there was consent, cohabitation and acknowledgment, then the parties are in law married. Also, that to prove a marriage, it is not necessary to produce record evidence of the fact, but the marriage may be ascertained by reputation and by the conduct of the parties.—*Chicago Times, October 8d.*

COTTON---COMMISSION
NEWTON FORD, D. T. FORTER,
Form'ly of F. Lane & Co., Late Porter & Macrae
H. FURSTENHEIM, Late of Porter & Co.
NEWTON FORD & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers & Commission Merchants,
No. 17 Union Street,
LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN
☞ Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us.
sep30 3m

WM. H. ANDREWS,
Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
280 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
sep29 3m

E. DASHIELL, Memphis, Tenn. M. R. HILLIARD, Somerville, Tenn.
DASHIELL & HILLIARD,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 296 Front Street, : Memphis, Tenn.
☞ Bagging and Rope furnished to parties who will ship us their Cotton. au8 3m

F. M. WHITE. JOHN KERR. GEO. ROOTES.
WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,
COTTON FACTORS
AND GENERAL
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
And Agents for the Sale of Guano,
No. 324 Main street, (Gayoso Block,) Memphis.
☞ Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. sep1 dawtm

D. H. TOWNSEND,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 256 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.
☞ Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished customers. au19 3mdaw

J. W. MOORES, Of Memphis, Tenn. J. L. NORTON, Late Briggs & Norton
MOORES & NORTON,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
GEN'L COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 318 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN
☞ Particular attention paid to Filling orders for Plantation Supplies and the Sale of all Country Produce. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. sep17 1m

R. A. MOON,
Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,
252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.
THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season (far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to again offer my services to the planting community seeking Memphis as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Products. My personal attention will be devoted to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling Cotton, will be *One Dollar per Bale Commissions.* Consignments in transit or in store insured in my Open Policy, unless instructed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.
sep22 dawtm R. A. MOON.

SAMUEL MOSBY. CHARLES DORION, JR
MOSBY & DORION,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
Office—No. 15 Mosby & Hunt's Building, Up-Stairs,
No. 304 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton for sale or shipment solicited. Orders accompanying consignments carefully and promptly executed. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished at lowest market rates. Cotton in store and by river insured, unless otherwise ordered. sep4 dawtm

WM. MCGEE, Memphis, Tenn. R. F. HERRON, Late of Shane, Bell & Co.
McGEE & HERRON,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
254 Front St., Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn.
☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market rates. sep20 dawtm

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL
MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 9 UNION STREET,
Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn
REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of
Groceries and Plantation Supplies
Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.
Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.
Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of Cotton.
Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.
Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep9 3m

T. B. NORMENT. A. P. GRAVES
NORMENT & GRAVES,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 Howard's Row.
UP-STAIRS, : : : MEMPHIS, TENN
☞ Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies furnished. au18-3m

C. DICKMANN, New Orleans. WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis.
DICKMANN & HILL,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 35 Union Street, : : New Orleans

WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis. C. DICKMANN, New Orleans.
W. K. HILL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
Grocers & Commission Merchants
—DEALERS IN—
Plantation Supplies Generally,
NO. 250 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN
REFERRING to the above cards, we respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton and other Country Produce. Will make liberal Cash Advances on Consignments to either house. All consignments shipped by river will be covered by insurance, and while in store, unless otherwise instructed.
FOR SALE.—A general stock of Groceries and Plantation Supplies at low market rates, consisting of BAGGING, IRON TIES, ROPE, TWINE, BACON, PORK, LARD, COFFEE, SUGARS, MOLASSES, MEAL, WHISKY, WOODWARE, etc. Respectfully,
W. K. HILL & CO.,
au12 3m No. 250 Front street

W. J. JOHNSON,
—GENERAL—
Freight and Steamboat Agent,
sel M No. 77½ Madison Street.

FRESH IMPORTATIONS
FOR FALL TRADE.
B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,
Will receive, per Barque "A. G. Jewett," from Bordeaux, a full Stock of
FRENCH BRANDIES, WINES, ETC.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
"YANNISSEE" AND "WESTMORELAND" WHISKY,
AND HAVE ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF
Bourbon, Robertson County and Other Liquors.
au14 6m daw

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 17 Madison Street, Memphis, Tennessee.
AMOS WOODRUFF, President. BEN. MAY, Secretary.
T. A. NELSON, } Vice-Presidents. CHAS. T. PATTERSON, Ass't Secretary.
F. M. WHITE, } Vice-Presidents. F. S. DAVIS, Treasurer.
Capital, : : : : : : $228,500 00
Surplus, : : : : : : : 102,742 06
DIRECTORS:
T. A. NELSON, A. WOODRUFF, R. C. BRINKLEY, F. M. WHITE, B. P. NORRIS,
SAM TATE, H. A. PANTER, C. C. SPENCER, C. W. FRAZER, CHAS. KORTRECHT,
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JOHN B. GORDON, Pres't; W. C. MORRIS, Sec'y. C. C. SPENCER, Pres't; E. P. HOPKINS,

TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL.

One copy, one year	$ 12 00
Five copies, one year	50 00
Eleven copies, one year	100 00
Twenty-Five copies, one year	200 00

WEEKLY APPEAL.

One copy, one year	$ 4 00
Five copies, one year	17 50
Ten copies, one year	32 50
Twenty-Five copies, one year	75 00

Any one getting up a Club of Five or more for the WEEKLY *at the above rates will receive a copy gratis. Subscriptions always in advance.*

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square.

Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Monthly advertisements, $8 for first and $4 for each additional square.

Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.

Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL *will be charged one-sixth additional.*

Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY *will be charged half of* DAILY *rates.*

Local Notices 20 cents per line first insertion, and 10 cents per line each subsequent insertion.

All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.

A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 9, 1868.

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR.
For Vice-President.....FRANK P. BLAIR.

TENNESSEE.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

For Congress.....JOHN W. LEFTWICH.
For Elector.....C. W. VAUGHAN.

THE ST. LOUIS AND THE MEMPHIS AGRICULTURAL FAIRS.

The great sensation at St. Louis just now is the Annual Fair of the Mechanical and Agricultural Association of that city, to which thousands from adjoining towns, cities and States have been attracted by reason of the enterprise of its managers. Commencing eight years ago, the fairs of this St. Louis Association have every year proved more and more successful, culminating this time in such an excess over all former efforts as to be pronounced only surpassed in interest by the great exhibition of New York in 1853. Dictated by a wise policy, fostered and guided by prudence, the annual gatherings, in competition, of the mechanics and farmers of St. Louis county has proven not the least among the many resorts of the enterprising gentlemen who are presiding over the commercial and business interests of our sister city, which she is benefitted in wealth and population. Not only does the association distribute awards for skill and industry, and thus encourage a competative and rival spirit, in the highest degree encouraging to the great interests of trade and commerce, but by displays, as in the present instance, lavishly made, they bring and hold together for a week, not the idly curious only, but a large proportion of the representative men of the country; men who pry into and investigate, and who never fail to avail themselves of opportunities for investment, such as are abundant in a place of the enterprise and possessed of the go-ahead spirit of St. Louis.

The hotels of that city are crowded, and the arena of the association is every day filled to overflowing by delighted spectators. From what we can gather it is not too low an estimate to put the number of visitors at 30,000. These remaining for a week at a cost of $5 per day, ordinary expenses, will leave in the city $150,000, to which may be added the expenditures for goods of every description, and stock, making fully *one million dollars* to be left with the St. Louisians as only one of the results of a spirit that cannot be too highly extolled or too closely emulated.

From this brief resume of results our citizens can gather some idea of the benefits that may accrue to us from the Fair of our County Association which will open on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at the grounds of the Memphis Racing Association. In proportion to the population of the surrounding country we may have as many visitors as St. Louis, if the same efforts and unity characterise the people of Memphis that have proven so signally successful in that city. And for this we have reason to hope. No petty contentions have yet endangered the success of the re-establishment of our County Association, and from the character of the men who have breathed life into and so far fostered it, we are sure there will not be. Like the managers of the St. Louis enterprise they are determined only upon solid achievements, such as shall entitle them to the help and support of their fellow-citizens in years to come. From little they have accomplished much—very much, and under difficulties and discouragements that would have prevented men less determined and intelligent upon the subject, from more than a mere suggestion, that in years might find the happy solution we are now promised in a few days.

Since the advertisement and distribution of the list of prizes many persons have come forward and added handsome premiums for various industries, indicating a susceptibility for appreciation of our Association's effort that only needed that effort to make it apparent. The railroads are about to add their mite to the general result, in reduced tariffs to and from the city, for live stock, fabrics, or machinery, for exhibition, and reduced fares for country visitors. We hope our merchants, too, will take hold, and by a general effort, secure as large an attendance of their country customers as possible. All classes of our citizens should take a hand in the good work of advertising the Fair, in every possible way; and, as a duty, say all the encouraging words they can conjure as likely to induce even one visitor. This Fair of the Shelby County Agricultural Association is of interest to every man, woman and child in the city, and every one should prove their appreciation of the fact by work, work, work. We must not only distribute appropriate prizes to the worthy, but we must make it pay as the people of St. Louis have made their Fairs always pay.

PESONAL.

The following is the card of Mr. PRENTICE, appearing in the *Louisville Journal* of Wednesday, the substance of which was telegraphed us on Tuesday night.

I desire to say to my friends every where, but particularly to my newspaper friends, that they have fallen into a serious error in regard to me, and are doing others great injustice on my account. I suppose I must confess that I am not as young as I was forty years ago, but I am not poor, and certainly do not consider myself broken down. My personal relations with every one of my associates are perfectly kindly and with no one have they been more kindly, not to say affectionate, than with Mr. Watterson. Every issue of the *Journal*, for the last two weeks, has contained matter of mine; and it is my purpose, God willing, to live and work out the rest of the century.

GEO. D. PRENTICE.

"THOSE ARMS."

We refer again to the arms recently deposited in this city and now in charge of one Senator McDONALD, of Arkansas, and others, whose names are given in the report of to-day's local doings, for the purpose of calling the attention of Gen. GORDON GRANGER to the fact, that the boxes in which these arms are deposited bear the regular mark of a Government inspector and other signs indicating the property of the United States. If we are not mistaken it is made the duty of every officer of the military department of the Government to seize and hold all property, having the Government marks, found in possession of private persons, especially arms and accoutrements. It was so during the war and, we suppose, is so yet. We submit then, that these boxes being marked in the manner specified, it is competent for Gen. GRANGER to compel a full and explicit statement, with proper vouchers, showing whence these arms were taken, or where purchased; and if purchased, from whom, and under what circumstances. And also, this, which is of most importance to us, whether, as reported, and would seem to be the case from the association of McDONALD and his brethren, they are destined for Arkansas; or, whether this reputed destination is not a ruse to cover the designs of BARBOUR LEWIS and his kindred, to arm the blacks of Shelby county; or whether, as has been suggested by a friend, these arms were not purchased at a Government sale by McDONALD and his company at fifty cents per gun, to be resold to the poor, confiding negroes of Arkansas, and the fleeing white Radical majority of which the *Bulletin* so warmly discourses, at a *reasonable profit* of say $12 on each and every one of them.

An answer to any of these propositions would throw light upon "these arms," upon the carpet-bag and scalawag Senator who controls them, and upon the company who, under him, attend to their transportation. If within the scope of his powers and duties, we hope Gen. GRANGER will do as we suggest, and so secure the light we stand in need of on this subject.

THE CANVASS IN TENNESSEE.

The most cheering accounts of the progress of our friends, in their canvass of the State for SEYMOUR and BLAIR, reach us from all quarters. The convincing efforts of Hon. ED. COOPER, in East Tennessee, supported by the most talented local speakers and our regular candidates, are producing such good effect as to carry despair to the Radical ranks. Wherever he has yet spoken, Mr. COOPER has been met by crowds and a warm welcome. His courteous recognition of his opponents has won for him no little popularity and an attentive hearing, when otherwise he would have failed of an audience of Radicals upon whom it is his especial mission to produce effects, leading to repentance for their wickedness and folly.

Mr. ETHERIDGE has also so far been signally successful. His speeches are just the sort that tell in a canvass that turns upon the rights of a disfranchised majority, the over taxation of our people, and the deceits of a Congress that concocts a seeming decrease of the National debt, when, in point of fact, there is a constant increase of it to pay and pamper the most accursed crew of thieves and vampyres that ever drew the lifeblood from a nation. Mr. ETHERIDGE is close in his figures, fortifies every one of his statements, enforces his logic, and supports his reason, in detail and in the gross, with marked emphasis, and sometimes with a vehemence becoming the subject and that tells upon his hearers. He is ably supported in this District by Hon. W. W. VAUGHAN and Hon. JOHN W. LEFTWICH, both of whom have thoroughly canvassed every county and township, making friends and conciliating and convincing much of the black element heretofore under the direction and control of the Radicals.

Of Middle Tennessee we have similar reports. The papers from that section are lively with accounts of the progress of the campaign and the advance of our party, notwithstanding the efforts of the Radicals to excite riot and bloodshed, and keep alive a spirit of discord between the races. Unless BROWNLOW disfranchises every county in the State, we are certain to succeed. The Radicals are divided in every district and so hopelessly that it is believed the Governor, in sheer despair, will let things take their course, and give up where even he can no longer prevent the destiny of the white majority of Tennessee.

THE CONGRESSIONAL EXCURSION.

On the local side of our paper we publish this morning the circular letter of the committee of prominent Cincinnatians having charge of the proposed Congressional Excursion from Cincinnati to New Orleans, and, returning, to St Louis. It will be found especially worthy the attention of our mercantile readers and capitalists, to whom it addresses itself with peculiar force for the following reasons:

1st. We have need of Congressional aid in the development of the great railroad scheme so often written and spoken of, and by which we expect one day to be placed *en rapport* with our dusky brothers of the Celestial Empire. We need Congressional aid in the construction of the railroad to Guaymas, and we need all the trade and profit sure to accrue to every individual of us, from its completion and passage through a country yet undeveloped for want of cheap and constant transportation.

2d. We want Congressional aid for the construction of a proper system of levees, and the employment of proper engineering skill for the control of the Mississippi, and the rescue from overflow of much of the best land, certainly among the most accessible in the Mississippi Valley. All of which will bring money to Memphis.

3d. We want Congressional appropriations for the erection of proper and convenient public buildings for the several United States officers located here. We want a Customhouse and Courthouse, and a Postoffice, and if troops are to be retained here, a healthfully located barrack.

4th. We want Congress to be thoroughly satisfied of our wants and wishes, from actual inspection of our country by such a committee of that body as it is proposed to bring this way; and we want that body to realize from that Committee that we have all the disposition and desire to enter upon a career of internal improvement, such as promised so much for us before the war, and such as has enabled Chicago to outstrip Cincinnati and St. Louis in the race of greatness in population and extent.

For these, and many other reasons which we cannot find space for, we think our merchants and moneyed men should subscribe liberally to make up the $8000, assessed as the proportion of expenses of the excursion to be borne by Memphis. So small a sum must not be hesitated at. The pride of our city—poor as we are—must not be involved in the pitiful sum of $8000; especially when we may reasonably expect that much of the aid to be extended this way by Congress will be diverted to our benefit.

While we have been in the very depths of direst political trouble, the North and the Northwest have been profiting by our confusion, and already have stolen upon us a march across the continent of 980 miles, commencing at Omaha. We must be up and doing. When we remember how much Col. PORTER accomplished in Washington last winter and summer, and unaided, we are hopeful that the efforts of a Committee of our best citizens could accomplish in time all we have suggested. The way to commence is through this excursion party. Let the $8000 be at once subscribed, a good working committee be appointed by the Mayor to represent us; and let our citizens generally prepare to perform such share of the labor of pressing our claims as may devolve upon them when the Excursion party arrives at Memphis.

We want and must have our share of the pluck, vim, enterprise and money that are sure accompaniments of all great public improvements. We want our Pacific road completed. Let us then help in this Excursion business, and do everything we can, consistent with honor, to secure the favor of our proposed Congressional visitors.

By Telegraph.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, October 8.—The Democratic State Executive Committee met to-day. A. Van Wyck presided. The nominations for Presidential Electors were made.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, October 8.—H. D. Newcomb, Esq., of this city, was to-day elected President of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, by the new Board of Directors.

NORTH CAROLINA.

GREENSBORO, October 8.—John Quincy Adams passed through here yesterday on his way South. He was met at the depot by citizens of both races en masse, and was introduced to the people by Col. J. Scales and made a short speech.

PORTSMOUTH.

PORTSMOUTH, October 8.—A prize fight between George Seddons, of South Boston, and Thos. Kelly of Philadelphia, for $1000 took place this morning on the Isle of Shoals. Ninety-six rounds were fought, occupying one hour and twenty minutes. Seddon was the victor, but was severely bruised.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, October 8.—The procession to-day in honor of Gen. McClellan, was a splendid ovation. The weather was cool and blustery, with occasional showers. Notwithstanding which, the streets along the route were filled with spectators, some of whom waited patiently from 2 o'clock until nearly dark. The procession was two hours passing a given point. On reaching the Continental Hotel Gen. McClellan reviewed the line from the balcony, and the assemblage rapidly dispersed.

PENNSYLVANIA.

CONNEAUTVILLE, October 8.—The largest meeting ever held in this place, was addressed, to-day, by Rdck Pomeroy and W. H. Corrigan. Pomeroy led off in the speaking, to an immense crowd of Republicans and Democrats in the Park until dark, and continued his speech in the city hall to-night. The greatest enthusiasm prevails. Pomeroy will close the October campaign in Crawford county at Meadeville on Saturday, which will be the greatest meeting ever held in this county.

HARTFORD.

HARTFORD, October 8.—Full returns of the towns have been received. Of 163 that voted on Monday, 86 are clearly Republican, 69 Democratic and 7 divided. The Republicans gain the entire registration boards in eleven towns, that were Democratic last year, and gain a portion of the boards in five towns that were wholly Democratic last year. The Democrats gain the registration boards in five towns that were Republican last year, in two that were partly Republican last year, and in a portion of the board in two that were wholly Republican. The above is official.

RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, October 8.—John Perkins, an ex-Federal soldier from Massachusetts, who came to Virginia in the Second New Hampshire regiment, will be hanged to-morrow at Portsmouth, for a rape on Miss Ford. Ben. Benjamin, a negro, his accomplice, who held the mother of Miss Ford, while Perkins ravished her daughter, and was also to be hanged to-morrow, has had his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.

A negro has been sentenced to the penitentiary for attempting to violate the person of the wife of an ex-Federal General now living in South Side.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 8.—The Secretary of War has postponed the Court of Inquiry until the 19th of November. He has asked the opinion of Attorney General Evarts as to whether a court martial can be appointed to try Gen. Dyer. It will be remembered that Judge Advocate General Holt decided to the contrary.

In accordance with the report of a special agent of the Treasury Department, a further heavy reduction will be made in the expenses of collecting customs by dispensing with unnecessary officers.

A copy of Gen. Meade's report on the Camilla riot is being prepared for transmission to the President. It will probably be made public to-morrow.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, October 8.—The trotting fair at Mystic Park closed yesterday with a race for two thousand dollars, for all horses that had never beat 2:24. Seven horses were entered, and Goldsmith Maid, General Palmer, Draco, Prince and George Wilkes trotted. The first heat was won by General Palmer in 2:21¼, and three successive heats by Goldsmith Maid in 2:23, 2:24¼ and 2:27. Geo. Wilkes was second in the last heat. The first horse got $1500 and the second $500. A large crowd was present, and the fair has been a great success.

The trial of Jas. D. Martin closed to-day, resulting in a verdict on the counts charging him with having made false entries of $10,000 each to the debit account of the First National Banks of Northampton, Mass., and of Augusta, Me., with intent to defraud the National Hide and Leather Bank and to deceive the President of the latter Bank; but not guilty as to the counts alleging intent to defraud the Northampton and Augusta Banks. The case will go to the Supreme Court on exceptions taken to various rulings of the court.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, October 8.—The bill which passed the Senate amending the registration law and forbidding the registrars from going beyond the law, was killed yesterday in the House.

Writs of mandamus are daily before the court in cases where the registrars have refused registration papers to persons naturalized in the Third, and from that to the Seventh District Courts. Since the 3d of July sixty-eight writs of this kind have been issued and all of which were made premptory. There are several thousand of such naturalizations in this city and the registrars refuse to be governed by the decisions of the courts, and refuse registration to each applicant, thus necessitating a separate writ in each case, notwithstanding decisions that test cases should be taken as conclusive. In the Sixth District Court Judge Cooley stated that a certificate of naturalization issued from his court had the effect of a judicial decision, whose correctness the registrars had no right to question, and some of the registrars, notwithstanding, persisting in their refusals, were arrested and fined for contempt of court. A number of similar cases will come before the courts to-morrow.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, October 8.—In four boroughs workingmen's candidates have been brought forward for election to Parliament with favorable chances of success. Gladstone will probably be defeated in Lancashire South, but will be chosen from Greenwich. With one or two exceptions the Liberal candidates oppose the Irish Church bill.

MADRID, October 8.—The Provisional Junta has issued a decree reducing by one-third, the tariff on all imports.

Don Juan, a cousin of Queen Isabella, has resigned his pretensions to the throne of Spain in favor of his son Don Carlos.

Gen. Paria suffers severely from his wound, but his condition is improving, and it is thought he will recover.

On the arrival of Gen. Prim at this city there was unbounded enthusiasm. The crowds in the streets were so great that many were crushed to death. Deputations from various cities, together with soldiers, sailors, citizens and foreigners escorted him to the capitol.

PARIS, October 8.—Later Rio Janeiro dates state that the Allies claim a victory on the 28th, over Lopez, and it is reported that he fell back on Ascension, where the Brazilian iron-clads were expected to appear soon.

The American gunboat, Wasp, had gone to Ascension.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 8.—Wm. Slade, jr., late consul at Nice and United States Commissioner at the Paris Exposition, left for Europe yesterday in the Cuba, on official business connected with the Government, which will be principally conducted in Paris, Vienna and St. Petersburg.

The conclave of Knight Templars of this State concluded their annual session yesterday by the election and installation of officers for the ensuing year.

The Governor has respited Conta and Burke—who were to have been hanged to-morrow for the murder of Miss Ellen Hicks, in Westchester county, two years ago—until the 6th of November.

Special dispatches to this city state that Judge Chase has come out in favor of Grant.

Gen. Sherman has written to the authorities for more troops to aid in subduing the Indian warriors. He is said to complain bitterly of the tedious delays in sending reinforcements, and to state that unless he is promptly furnished with the troops nothing can prevent a wide-spread and disastrous series of conflicts with disconcerted tribes.

Weston, the pedestrian, completed his task of walking one hundred miles within twenty-two hours and a half yesterday. He left Rye Station just before twelve o'clock noon, having only about six miles and a half to walk within two hours to accomplish his task, and arrived at the Onawaudum hotel, White Plains, eleven minutes ahead of time, having walked the entire distance in twenty-two hours and nineteen minutes. He was received by a large gathering of citizens and persons interested in the result, who had gathered to welcome him, and to whom he made a short speech.

A Havana letter, of the 31st ult., states that the excitement there is intense to obtain news from Spain—nothing being allowed to come over the cable. There are rumors of trouble at Principe.

It is stated that the Captain General desired to leave Cuba, turning over the government of the island to the Spanish Admiral, but the latter declined.

It is also stated that one or two prominent naval officers are under arrest for expression of opinion on public matters.

A Havana dispatch says that Santa Anna has been ordered to leave the island, for reasons not yet known to the public.

The Wormald and O'Baldwin fight is declared off.

The charge of assault brought against the wife of Gen. Spenola, for striking a woman named Gill, was discontinued this morning—the woman withdrawing the charge. A large crowd was in attendance, expecting scandalous developments if the trial took place.

A session of the Committee on Retrenchment was held to-day. Gen. Van Wyck examined several witnesses, and among them Mr. Brinkley, who, for a long time, refused to be sworn, urging many reasons why he should not be, but he finally was sworn and examined at length. He refused to answer the question as to his authority to, and instructions from the President, and without action the committee adjourned until Saturday.

The boiler of the steam tug Vig exploded this morning, and two of the crew were blown overboard and drowned. Capt. Kays, Engineer McGowen, two firemen and two deck hands were badly scalded. The vessel sunk.

A small riot occurred in Hoboken this morning, growing out of an attempt to rescue a person. Three of the rioters were arrested and committed, in default of $1000 bail.

Police Superintendent Kennedy to-day placed officers in front of a jewelry swindling establishment on Fulton street, to prevent a recurrence of their swindling operations. One similar house has already closed in consequence.

The first race over Jerome Park course to-day, for $1400—one and three-fourth miles—was won by Pennock's brown filley. Time 3:16¼. The second race, of one mile, was won by Moore's Daniel Boon colt, beating Attraction easily. Time 1:49½. The Grand National Handicap, of two and a half miles, was won by DeCourcey—beating Australia, Colossus' filley, Alderbaran and Loyal, in the order named. Time 4:11¾. The premium for beaten horses, one and three quarter miles, was won by Gen. Duke—beating La Polka by a short length, and Flora McIver. Time 3:13. In the race for Gentlemen's Hacks, Black Knight beat Capuciors and Content. Time 2.

A letter is published from Assistant Treasurer Van Dyke in reply to certain charges of selling gold secretly, in which he says: "I deny with honest indignation every allegation in connection with, or favoritism with or toward any individual or combination in the discharge of my official duties. I have studiously abstained from making the Treasury an institution of oppression or profit to any persons, corporations or interests in the large pecuniary trusts with which I am invested. It has been my endeavor faithfully to further the interests of the Government without interference with that of the business of the community."

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, October 8.—Cotton dull and 1c lower. Sales 100 bales; uplands, 26c; Superfine flour $6 50@7. Whisky $1 30 at 35, from store. Rice quiet. Coffee dull. Sugar quiet; Cuba fair 10c. Molasses quiet. Wheat quiet. Corn $1 05@1 14½c.

Dry Goods—Printing cloths 7⅝@7⅞c; Prints steady, except Lowell's, which have advanced to 18c. Muslin de laines 16@25c. Heavy sheetings 19@23c. Bleached muslins, New York sales 23c. Tuesday's 20c. Red flannels 12c.

Money—The market is easy. Call loans 6@7. Sterling dull at 8[illegible]. Gold 36[illegible]. Old Tennessee 65[illegible], new 62@63½.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, October 8.—Cotton lower and in good demand. Middlings 23½c; sales 3400 bales; receipts 4900 bales. Sterling 49@50½c. New York sight ½ discount. Gold 34½. Sugar advanced ¼@½c; in boxes 13@15½c; in hhds 12@14½c. Molasses nominal. Flour dull but steady; superfine $6 62½@6 75. Corn steady at $1 05.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, October 8.—To-day being a holiday there are no markets.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, October 8.—Flour, family $8 25@9. Wheat $1 80. Corn 96c@$1. Oats 59@60c. Whisky $1 25. Pork held at $31. Bulk shoulders 13½c; sides 14½c; bacon shoulders held at 13½c; sides 16½, and 17c; hams 19@20c. Lard 19½c. Butter 28@32c. Potatoes $2@3. Flax seed $2 90@3 00.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, October 8.—Tobacco sales light and rates unchanged; lugs to medium leaf $5 50 to $12 00; Trimmed county cutting leaf $16@17. Superfine flour $6 25@6 50. Wheat $2@2 10. Old corn $1; new corn 60@65c. Oats 50@55c. Rye $1 30@1 45. Lard 18½@20c. Pork $30@30 75. Bacon shoulders 13½@14c; clear rib sides 16½c; clear sides 17@17½c. Cotton 24@25c. Raw whisky, free, $1 27½.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, October 8.—Consols closed at 94¼ for money, and 94¼ for account. 5-20's firm at 74½. The bullion in the bank has decreased £39,000 this week.

FRANKFORT, October 8.—U. S. bonds closed firm at 76@77.

PARIS, October 8.—The Bourse is firm. Rentes 69f 25c.

LIVERPOOL, October 8.—Cotton close easier. Uplands 10¾d; Orleans 10¾d. Sales 8,000 bales.

DIED.

COCHRAN—On the 8th inst., CELLIE COCHRAN, daughter of M. K. and Sophia Cochran, aged 3 years, 4 months and 28 days.

Brief but severe were the pangs of the little sufferer. There were times when her little tongue lisped fragments of songs. She has gone from earth to join her twin sister, little Nellie, who less than two years since went home to Heaven. Weeping parents, weep no more; these, thy jewels, are with God.

Funeral services this Friday evening, at 2½ o'clock, at the First Methodist Church, where, and at Holst's, hacks will be in attendance.

LAUX—October 8, 1868, VIRGINIA, daughter of A. Laux. Funeral will take place this Friday evening, at 3 o'clock, from No. 33 Market street. Friends of the family are invited.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration, with the will annexed, having been granted me upon the estate of William C. Harrison, deceased, at the October term of County Court Shelby county, Tennessee, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them within the time prescribed by law to me for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery; and all those indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to come forward and make payment to me immediately.

oct6 law1w HENRY T. JONES, Adm'r.

Sixteenth Quarterly Statement

—OF THE—

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

ON THE MORNING OF THE

First Monday in October, 1868.

RESOURCES:

Notes and Bills discounted	$203,195 67
U. S. Securities, at par	300,000 00
Other Securities, cash valuation	62,297 20
Banking House and other Real Estate,	36,539 19
Due from National Banks	91,721 42
Due from Banks and Bankers	14,322 18
Over Drafts	8,986 71
Cash on hand, including Revenue Stamps	98,287 98
	$824,483 35

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$200,000 00
Surplus Fund	43,386 84
Profit and Loss	5,619 00
Dividends unpaid	352 00
Circulating Notes	174,750 00
Deposits	400,295 71
	$824,483 35

oct9 2t C. P. NORRIS Vice President.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

NEW YORK LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

—ON THE—

FIRST DAY OF JULY, 1868,

Made in Conformity with the Laws of Tennessee.

FIRST—The name of the Company is the New York Life Insurance Company.

SECOND—No Capital Stock.

THIRD—

ASSETS:

Cash			$ 118,972 38
Real Estate			583,255 93
Bonds and Mortgages			1,913,910 00
U. S. Securities	Par value $2,954,700 00	Market value $2,978,907 49	
Stocks of N. Y. City Bank	38,900 00	41,549 00	
N. York State Stocks	1,085,000 00	1,097,573 61	
Other Stocks	70,000 00	25,052 50	
Premium Notes bearing Interest			1,407,314 07
Temporary Loans secured by U. S. and other Stocks			101,600 00
Deferred Premiums (estimated)			370,000 00
Interest accrued to July 1st, 1868			29,127 78
Rents accrued to July 1, 1868			1,994 15
Premiums due from agents in course of transmission			633,994 21
			$9,816,72 13

[Signed] MORRIS FRANKLIN, Pres't.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
City and County of New York. }

I MORRIS FRANKLIN, of said city, President of the New York Life Insurance Company, being duly affirmed, doth declare and say that the above statement of the condition of the said Company, on the first day of July past, is correct and true, according to the best of his knowledge, instruction and belief; and that the assets of the said Company are at this second day of September, 1868, in excess of the amount stated above.

[Signed] MORRIS FRANKLIN, Pres't.

Affirmed this second day of September, 1868, before me. J. S. M. ANDELL,
Notary Public for City and County of New York.

STATE OF TENNESSEE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
Nashville, July 1, 1868.

I, G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the New York Life Insurance Company, located at New York, in the State of New York, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies, and I further certify that McCLURE & CASKIN, Agents of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such case:

Wherefore, said New York Life Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

[SEAL.] G. W. BLACKBURN,
Comptroller of Tennessee.
By PLUNKET.

S. D. McCLURE. T. C. CASKIN

McCLURE & CASKIN,

GENERAL AGENTS,

Office in Citizens' Union Bank,

Southwest Cor. Main and Jefferson Sts.,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

AGENTS WANTED—Active, energetic men can receive agencies by applying immediately to the office in Memphis. oc9

AUCTION.

PUBLIC SALES

—BY—

ROYSTER,

TREZEVANT

& CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

—AT—

Their Salesroom,

CORNER OF

Main and Jefferson Streets.

ON SATURDAY,

At Ten o'clock,

At our Salesroom, N. E. Corner

Main and Jefferson,

Elegant 4-4 Brussels Carpet,

18 by 18.

Fine Parlor Sets, and Single Pieces of Furniture.

No. 6 Charter Oak Stove, in Perfect Order.

Large Lot of Assorted Plows, of Louisville make.

Two Iron Safes—Merchants' Desks, Etc., Etc.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.,
oc9 AUCTIONEERS.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Jacob Sartorius, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Jacob Sartorius, individually, and as one of the firm of Sartorius & Asher, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 8th day of October, A.D. 1868. WILLIAM Y. CERODE,
oc9 16 23 Assignee, Etc.

PERKINS, SWENSON & CO.,
New Orleans, La.

SWENSON, PERKINS & CO.,
New York,

General Commission Merchants.

W. M. PERKINS. S. M. SWENSON. D. L. KERNION
oc6 1m

THE WEEKLY PANOLA STAR,

IS PUBLISHED IN A SECTION OF COUNTRY entirely tributary to Memphis, and has a circulation unsurpassed by any other medium of that kind in North Mississippi. Merchants and business men generally will find it to their advantage to advertise in the STAR.

Address PANOLA STAR,
oc8 Panola, Miss.

NOTICE

—TO—

TRAVELERS TO NEW YORK.

A GOOD HOUSE.

MERCHANTS and others visiting New York with their families or alone, will find at

VANDERHOOF'S

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE,

No. 7 Great Jones Street,

A few doors from Broadway—a delightful and quiet location, yet within a few minutes' walk of the leading hotels and mercantile establishments. Every home comfort, first-class table, and polite attention, at moderate prices.

Refers to present boarders:
Rev. Dr. C. K. Marshall, Mississippi,
Major Thomas Fearn, "
Col. John Lubbock, Texas,
Capt. J. Turner, "
S. B. Settle, Esq., Tennessee,
W. S. Mothenson, Esq., Tennessee. oc2 6t

STILL LOWER REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS.

Shortest Line, Quick Time, Lowest Rates

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON R. R.

MARK YOUR GOODS

—VIA—

Virginia and Tennessee Air Line

Rates via NORFOLK have been greatly reduced, and are as follows:

TO MEMPHIS, PER 100 POUNDS.

From	1st Class.	2d Class	3d Class.	4th Class
New York	$1 85	$1 50	$1 30	.90
Boston	1 90	1 60	1 30	.90
Philadelphia	1 90	1 75	1 55	.95
Baltimore	1 54	1 40	1 20	.75

All Rail rates from New York to Memphis have this day been reduced to following figures:

First Class, per 100 lbs	$2 15
Second Class, Per 100 lbs	1 90
Third Class, per 100 lbs	1 75
Fourth Class, per 100 lbs	1 25

This route having the SHORTEST LINE, is determined to transport Freights TO and FROM Memphis at as low rates, or lower, than any other line.

CLAIMS for LOSS and DAMAGE promptly adjusted.

For Bills of Lading or information, call on Agent at Depot, 5, or A. J. LOW & Co.'s Office.

C. S. SAWYER, Gen'l Sup't M. & C. Railroad.
W. J. ROSS,
Gen'l Sup't M. & C. Railroad.
JOS. C. LOPEZ, Gen'l Ag't. sep2

AUCTION.

AUCTION SALE

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC

By A. S. LEVY & CO.

WE will sell, FRIDAY morning, 9th, at 10 o'clock, at No. 114 Union street, without reserve, the entire furniture of the above house, of a family leaving the city, consisting of THREE PINE CARPETS—Brussels, Ingrain and Three Ply, Chairs, Tables, Bureau, Bedsteads, Kitchen Furniture, et cetera.

oct 2t A. S. LEVY & CO.

A. E. FRANKLAND,

AUCTION

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

No. 197 Main Street,

WEBSTER BLOCK, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

STRICT attention paid to all business intrusted to my care. *Account sales rendered immediately after sales, and prompt returns. Advice or consignation for Groups.*

A. WALLACE the Veteran Auctioneer, will be found at my house, to attend to all his old friends and patrons.

I respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of all my friends.

oct6 1m A. E. FRANKLAND.

VEHICLES.

WOODRUFF & CO.,

No. 179 Main Street,

Memphis : : : : Tennessee.

—DEALERS IN—

CARRIAGES,

ROCKAWAYS, BAROUCHES,

Park Phaetons, Buggies, Wagons

AND ALL KINDS OF

Carriage and Wagon Material,

Iron, Springs, Axles, Bolts,

SPOKES, HUBS,

Enameled Leather, Enameled Duck

Cloths, Damask, Carpets,

White Lead, Paints and Oils,

All of which are offered at low prices.

sep6 2m

MEMPHIS, October 1, 1868.

WE, the undersigned, Cotton Compressors, hereby agree to make ratchs for Compressing Cotton on and after this date

ONE DOLLAR PER BALE,

Which includes one drayage, one tie, covering one sample hole, and insurance at the press; and we pledge ourselves not to rebate, directly or indirectly, and faithfully to comply with this agreement. All Compressing Bills are due and payable when the cotton is delivered to the carrier. All cotton delivered at our presses with only six bands or ropes upon which seven bands or ropes had been originally, will be charged Fifteen Cents each, which will be collected with Compressing Bill. The receipt of our receiving clerk shall be evidence of our claim.

South western Freight and Cotton Press Co., By J. MERRITT, President.
Charleston Cotton Press, By WALDRON & GILL.
Chickasaw Steam Cotton Press, By GILL & MAURY.
Shippers' Cotton Press, By H. A. MONTGOMERY & CO.
Bluff City Cotton Press, By EUGENE McDONNELL.
oct 2w

INSURANCE.

FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE

MERCHANTS'

INSURANCE COMPANY,

CAPITAL, : : : $200,000

Office—No. 19 Madison St.,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE

DIRECTORS:

E. McDAVITT,	M. E. COCHRAN,		
F. W. SMITH,	W. B. WALDRAN,		
J. T. FARGASON,	NAPOLEON HILL,		
W. A. GOODWYN,	JOHN T. STRATTON,		
	J. F. FRANK.		

OFFICERS:

E. McDAVITT, - - - - - President.
F. W. SMITH, - - - - - Vice President.
R. A. PARKER, - - - - - Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS:

Allison Bros.,	G. W. Gilmore,	Thos. Moffat,	
W. H. Andrews,	Chas. Gilmore,	Jesse Moore,	
M. A. Allen,	C. W. Mayer,	A. J. Murray,	
Benj. Babb,	W. A. Goodwyn,	Jos. M. Myers,	
M. L. Bacon,	R. D. Goodlett & Co.	P. Norris,	
C. C. Bill,	W. H. Goodlett & Co.	J. Overton, Jr.,	
W. H. Bridges,		H. Owen,	
D. W. Bowman,	Dr. D. Gober,	H. A. Parties,	
W. B. Bruce & Co.,	John Ugnia,	Parties & Harland Three Ply Carpet Co.,	
P. H. Bryson,	D. P. Hadden & Co.,	Bert. Reds

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

To MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West---Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a m.
Coming East---Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.

JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
oc2 General Superintendent.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily, except Sunday	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. aug6

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:20 p.m.	12:40 p m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at		6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:10 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 275 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, R. R. time	6:30 a.m.	2:45 p.m
" City time	5:10 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	8:15 p.m.	5:30 a.m
" City time	2:55 p.m.	

HUMBOLDT ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Memphis, Railroad time	4:30 p.m	
" City time	4:10 p.m	
Arrive	9:30 a.m	

Ticket offices No. 237 Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

ONLY five arrests in the Second District yesterday up to 6 p.m.

A REAL AUTUMN day was yesterday, making heavy clothing and fires very desirable.

DISCHARGES in bankruptcy were issued to Robert S. Strong and N. Schwarzenberg.

THE "DRY GOODS" case which has been hanging fire before 'Squire Millard, was yesterday dismissed.

THE Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company yesterday erected their poles from the depot to the office. Each pole has four insulations.

FIRE.—There was a little fire at Quin's carriage factory on Second street, on Wednesday night. It was extinguished before any damage was done. It was evidently the work of an incendiary.

THE HOGS captured in the hands of negro thieves a night or two ago by the First District police, are still at the Adams street station, and seem to be as much at home as any of its inmates.

HON. EMERSON ETHERIDGE.—This distinguished orator and patriot will address the people at Grand Junction to-morrow (Friday), at Trenton on next Monday, the 12th inst., and at Dyersburg the ensuing Saturday, the 17th inst.

CHARLEY MOODY, the negro desperado captured a few nights ago, will be brought before 'Squire Black this morning at 10 o'clock, on charge of assaulting Steve Allen, another negro, with intent to commit murder, and robbing him.

LOST.—Yesterday between 4 and 5 o'clock a collector's book containing a number of receipts for lots sold in Calvary Cemetery. The finder will please leave the same at this office, or 209 Linden street.

TENTH WARD DEMOCRATIC CLUB. Regular meeting this evening at 7½ o'clock. Important business will be transacted. Able speakers will address the meeting. JOHN DONOVAN.
Recording Sec'y.

PERSONAL.—C. P. Norris, Esq., Vice President of the First National Bank of this city, who has been absent on a tour of recreation, returned yesterday and resumed his seat in the bank. A hasty trip through Minnesota and other bracing climes has apparently given him a new lease of life.

THE GARROTERS.—Warrants were issued yesterday, by 'Squire Griffith, for Frank Foley, John Burns, Jem. Maddox, and Jemmy Boyle. They will be brought before the 'Squire this morning at 10 o'clock for a preliminary examination on charge of complicity in the garroting and thugging affair of Wednesday night.

CAPT. DAN. ABLE, our former fellow-townsman seems to be as popular in his present home as he formerly was in Memphis. We see that the nominating convention have run his name up as the candidate of the Democratic party for Sheriff of St. Louis county, Mo. May he "go in and win!"

AT A MEETING of Bluff City Division No. 11, Sons of Temperance, the following officers were elected: F. M. Haley, W. P; J. J. Weller, W. A.; G. J. Campbell, R. S.; B. F. Price, A. R. S; Fulton, F. S; J. M. Boon, Treasurer; Ed. Lesom, Chaplain; C. R. Price, Con.; Frank Cheek, J. S.; Dr. F. L. Sim, P. W. P.

THE SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR for October is on our table. It contains the usual amount of valuable reading matter on agricultural and horticultural subjects, and should be in the hands of every farmer and gardener. The articles on the diseases of animals, among which are essays on charbonne and the cattle plague are especially interesting and worthy of close perusal.

THERE was considerable interest and anxiety exhibited last evening and night, by holders of Paschall House certificates, to hear news from the drawing. Up to a late hour nothing had been heard, and it was rumored that the drawing was again postponed. We do not know whether there is any truth in the rumor or not.

"THE CRY IS STILL THEY COME." Certificates continue to be received from all quarters of cures performed by the Texas Tonic Syrup. No chill or fever can resist it, and not unfrequently brings relief. Testimony is, however, not needed. This medicine, before all others, stands upon its own merits, and each bottle sold has introduced a hundred. Try it and be convinced. Sold by dealers generally.

THE NORFOLK CONVENTION, or rather the adjourned meeting of the Bristol Convention, to be held at Norfolk, takes place on the 14th inst. All of the cities and towns along the lines of the railroads leading to Norfolk will be represented. Memphis, which is more directly interested, perhaps, than any other city, has taken no public steps whatever in the matter. The Chamber of Commerce have, it is true, appointed three delegates, we believe; but should there not be delegates sent from the citizens at large?

THE MATCH GAME of Base Ball which was announced to come off on Friday and Saturday, between the Holst Club, of Newport, Ky., and the Bluff City and Eureka Clubs, of Memphis, is postponed until Saturday and Monday. The steamer Clifton will not arrive until Saturday morning, hence the delay. The games will be played at the Memphis Racing Association grounds, and the public are invited to be present.

C. C. DICKINSON, a barber on Adams street, whom we reported in yesterday's APPEAL as having been remanded for trial by the Criminal Court on charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses, desires us to say that the facts of the case are that he simply indorsed the bond of a man named Wilson, who had replevied a trunk belonging to a colored woman. He is accused of not being worth the amount of the bond, and hence aiding and abetting obtaining possession of the trunk under false pretenses. We make this correction in justice to an industrious man, who bears an excellent character in this community, where he is well known.

CONGRESSIONAL EXCURSION.

Circular from the Executive Committee.

We lay before our readers the following circular which we have received from the Congressional Excursion Executive Committee, without comment. It is unnecessary for us to enlarge upon the advantages which might accrue to Memphis from this excursion; we have alluded to subject and enumerated some of them more than once heretofore. It is of the utmost importance to the enterprise that we return an early response to the circular of the committee, and we hope that some definite action be taken immediately. So far as the APPEAL is concerned, we go for it with our whole heart:

CONGRESSIONAL EXCURSION.
COMMITTEE ROOMS,
CINCINNATI, September 29, 1868.

The presence of serious obstructions and impediments to the free navigation of our Western rivers has been so long felt and suffered from, that it has ceased to be a virtue to endure their continued existence silently, or without an energetic effort for their removal. Movements looking to merely local improvements have been made. These not being general, nor sufficiently thorough to enlist the support of the great commercial interests involved, have mostly proved insufficient and inoperative. These obstructions, always a drawback to the commerce of our rivers, have now become a crying evil, ruinous to their prospects, demanding at our hands immediate attention, otherwise the cities and towns on our river banks will become mere railroad way stations, and the navigation of our waters a matter for history. The grave importance of this subject so impressed itself upon the public mind that a convention of delegates from cities and towns on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers was called, and held in this city on September 23d, 1868.

Its object being the discussion of the proper measures to be taken in the premises, it being a foregone conclusion that steps of some kind were imperatively called for.

This Convention held it to be the duty of Congress to furnish the requisite means for the effective prosecution of the desired improvements, and in order to procure from that body the requisite legislation, resolutions were adopted recommending that an excursion by water be organized from Pittsburg to New Orleans and return via St. Louis, to which should be invited the President, Vice President and Cabinet, the members of both houses of Congress, and the editors of the leading papers, whose influence would prove valuable, the design of this excursion being to afford an opportunity to our legislators for the inspection of our rivers, of their obstructions—natural and artificial—and of being brought into personal intercourse with those best informed on the subject, that a free intercourse of ideas might be had, and the influence of the immense commerce of the valleys of the Ohio and Mississippi be effectively employed in the furtherance of the object sought.

It is not our intention to discuss what is desired in particular. Local or sectional advantages are or should be lost sight of in the general good which will be secured by the permanent improvements of the water communication, from the head waters of the Ohio and Mississippi to the Gulf.

The large and rapidly increasing commerce of the West demands that this subject should be urged upon our Representatives until success is achieved, and uninterrupted, safe and cheap transit to the ocean is a reality.

It was decided by the Convention that the excursion should take place soon after the Presidential election—about the 10th of November next—by steamers chartered for the purpose, and the undersigned were named a committee to have in charge all business appertaining thereto, with instructions to apportion the amount of financial aid required by an assessment upon the cities and towns interested; such assessment to be based upon their well-known river interests.

After a careful consideration we have fixed the amount expected from your city at $3000, and request that you will procure prompt and decisive action from your authorities, in the matter, and advise our Chairman of their decision on or before the 10th of October, 1868, either by mail or telegraph, that we may be enabled to report intelligently on the importans question of means to carry out this project, to a convention of delegates from contributing places, to be hereafter called by this committee. Any surplus remaining, above actual wants, will be returned in proportion to the amount contributed. We rely upon the importance of the subject we present, rather than upon the manner of its presentation, for attention and aid at your hands, which, if vouchsafed, will materially assist in making the excursion a success, and it, in its turn, will supply us with an occasion to influence those with whom the duty rests to render our internal navigation free to the Ocean.

Please forward names of the gentlemen of the press for whom you desire invitations.

A. P. C. BONTE, Chairman.
T. F. ECKERT,
JOHN C. RENO,
BENJ. F. DAVIDSON,
GEORGE L. JOHNSTON,
WM. H. WALKER,
Committee.

RAILROAD CONVENTION.

There was a meeting of Railroad men and capitalists yesterday evening at the Chamber of Commerce, called together to take into consideration the ways and means of securing the co-operation of the General Government in pushing forward our railroad enterprises, especially the Little Rock road and its connections. On being called to order by T. A. R. Nelson, Esq., who was invited to the chair, the meeting was addressed by Col. Robinson Topp, who briefly sketched the objects of the Convention, and showed the necessity of some such action as he proposed. He was followed by Col. Trezevant who echoed his sentiments, and made a great many valuable suggestions. The deliberations and action of the meeting were of a character that, for the success of the plans advanced, it was thought best not to publish the full proceedings at present. On motion of Col. Topp, a committee was appointed to carry out the ideas advanced, and to correspond with leading business men of the South to ascertain in the best manner and means of so doing. The chair appointed Col. Topp, Col. J. T. Trezevant, W. B. Greenlaw, Esq., Col. J. W. Robertson and Col. Wm. R. Moore on this committee; to whom, on motion, were added Amos Woodruff, Esq., and Maj. M. J. Wicks. During the course of some subsequent remarks Col. Trezevant expressed great surprise at the action of the City Council in refusing to make the appropriation asked by the Congressional Excursion Executive Committee, that very excursion offering one of the most effective means of securing the advantages that we are now working to obtain. He concluded by hoping that they would think better of their action and withdraw it. The President announced before the meeting adjourned that the delegates to the Norfolk Convention leave for that city on Sunday next (day after to-morrow.)

REOPENING OF THE BANKRUPT COURT. We take occasion, on the reopening of the Bankrupt Court for the transaction of the bankruptcy business, to again call the attention of the public to the fact that the operation of the act has been extended to the first of January next; and that the honest debtor, who, without fault on his part, has been overwhelmed by misfortune or unavoidable commercial disaster, has until that time to relieve himself of his burden and start anew the race of life. In this connection we would call the attention of attorneys and petitioners who are already in court to the fact that the Bankrupt act requires petitioners to prosecute their cases and apply for final discharge within twelve months from the date of adjudication on their petitions. Special attention is also called to the rule recently adopted by Judge Trigg: that petitioners who have filed their petition for final discharge must pass their last examination and obtain their discharge within six months from the day their cases were set for the last hearing.

MORE ABOUT THOSE ARMS.

How were they Obtained?—Who Obtained them?—Farther Particulars.

The city has been for several days in a state of great excitement over the large shipment of arms which arrived here by the steamer Belle Memphis on the morning of the 5th inst. We gave, at the time, a detailed statement as to the number of cases containing the weapons, and such other facts as we could then glean in the premises. As we then informed our readers, the arms are ostensibly for the State Government of Arkansas, whose agents, several in number, came down the river with them, and are now in this city, waiting an opportunity of shipping them to their destination. The names of these agents are I. L. Hodges, who hails from Little Rock, John C. Bennett of Helena, S. M. Newell of Napoleon, Chas. C. Waters and I. L. Griffith of Helena, and A. McDonald, United States Senator from Arkansas. On their arrival in this city they could find no boat in the Arkansas trade that was willing to take their freight, and they were compelled to store the cases in the warehouse of Comer & Richardson. We understand that these gentlemen have received positive instructions from the State Government of Arkansas to ship them as soon as possible to Keys Danforth, Adjutant-General of that State.

There seems, therefore, to be but little room for doubt that these arms are really intended for Clayton and his negro myrmidons, and are to be employed in inaugurating civil war, and for the murder of the weaponless and defenseless whites. The question then naturally arises, where were they obtained, and by what authority they are being furnished to the government of Arkansas.

The boxes bear the mark of the U. S. Government Inspector, the United States mark, and the mark of the United States arms agency of New York. If not obtained surreptitiously from the arsenal at Detroit, where then? We would like any one of the persons named in connection with this matter—either Senator McDonald, Comer & Richardson, or any of the leading Radicals of Memphis, who we understand to be in the secret, to enlighten this public as to how these arms were stolen, or purchased, and for what purpose intended, if not, as has been intimated to us, for the purpose of arming the negro Radicals of Arkansas against the white people and by intimidation, or murder, if necessary, carry that State for the candidates of the Radical party.

JUDAISM.

The month of Tisri is nearly over, having now only eight days to run. The feast of Tabernacles, which commenced on Wednesday, the 15th day of that month, came to an end day before yesterday evening. At its close there comes the "joy of the law," the joy of that day when the last blessings of Moses, and the last verses of the Pentateuch are publicly read, and thus the reading of the law is finished, so that on the next Saturday a new beginning will be made at the first of Genesis. It is wonderful, says an exchange, how the most ancient Asiatic institutions still live and are exhibited daily under our eyes—institutions with an antiquity of more than three thousand years, blazing in the midst of the improvements and wonders of the new world. What a testimony is here of the truth of the Bible!

Some of us have been interested in learning how much of the ancient forms and the Scripture letter is still preserved among all the changes which the new temple of our city has introduced; and we have seen the minister in the pulpit of that temple holding up before the large assembly the fruit of the ethrog and the willows of the brook. There, we suppose, were all the different things which the law required to be exhibited on the first day of the festival of tabernacles—the fruit of the ethrog, the branches of palm-trees, the myrtle, and the willows of the brook, and there was multiplied thanksgiving over them, and all the ceremony was designed to express that holy joy which once in Palestine crowned and terminated the ingathering of all the fruits of the year. The thanksgiving was in the same language which holy prophets used and in which they worshipped.

ST. DENYS.—To-day is a great day in France and throughout her dependencies, being the anniversary of St. Deny's, her tutela saint and patron. This saint, properly named St. Dionysius, is said to have been the first who introduced Christianity into France. Whether he was or not, of all the Roman missionaries into Gaul, he was the one who penetrated farthest into that country and fixed his seat at Paris, of which he became the first bishop. He is said to have been put to death during the persecutions of Valerian and the well known legend is related regarding him, that after being decapitated he miraculously arose, took up his head, carried it in his hand for the space of two miles and then lay down and expired. The *bon mot* uttered regarding this legend by a witty French woman of the last century has become proverbial both in the French and English language—"*c'est le premier pas qui coute*"—it is only the first step that costs. The body of St. Denys, it is related, was interred on the spot where he fell, and a chapel was erected over his tomb. In the seventh century King Dagobert founded on the same spot the famous abbey of St. Denys, in which he and his successors to the French throne were interred. At the Revolution this receptacle of the remains of royalty was violated and the contents of the tombs scattered abroad, while the building itself was unroofed and used for a time as a cattle market. It was restored with great splendor after the accession of Napoleon I. and now attracts visitors as the most interesting monuments of ancient times near the French capital.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.—We are pleased to learn that Mr. F. H. Talley has been appointed General Agent for the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, vice Chas. Sawyer, Esq., resigned. He will, henceforth, be found at No. 278 Main street, where he will give through bills of lading on all cotton or other freight. Mr. Talley is an old citizen, and a first class "railroad man." Mr. J. P. Lopez, General Freight Agent, informs us that the Memphis and Charleston road has now two routes open to New York an I eastern cities, one *via* Norfolk, on the Virginia and Tennessee air line railroad, and one *via* Charleston, by which this old and reliable line will be enabled to transport cotton as cheap as any line running out of Memphis. Freight is subjected to *less handling* on this road than on any other route from our city—cars being run through to Norfolk and Charleston without unloading. Merchants should bear in mind that this is a home line, and the money made on it is spent here. It was the first line to reduce rates, and according to the report of the committee appointed by the Chamber of Commerce on railroad freights, works more to the interests of Memphis than any other line. Their advertisement will be found in our columns to-morrow.

LINEN Handkerchiefs, 12½ cents, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

Do not fail to read the story entitled Contracts, or Ups and Downs, by Mrs. Sallie Rochester Ford, to appear Saturday, October 10, in the Saturday Morning.

FINE assortment of waterproof cloth $1 25, at Rice & Engel's.

LADIES.—For fashionable millinery goods go to Miss N. English, No. 230 Main street, up stairs. She has just received a large assortment purchased for cash, and sells at the lowest prices. Dress-making superintended by Madame J. Ozanne, late of Nashville. 1w

ONE hundred pieces heavy Farmers' Jeans at 30 cents per yard, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

PERSONS in want of old newspapers for wrapping paper, can purchase a few hundred on application at the counting-room of the APPEAL.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The following business was transacted yesterday:

Fitzpatrick vs Eldins, judgment for defendant, $ 25 00.
M. & A. of M. vs Pifeno, judgment below affirmed.
Friedmen vs Selig, judgment for plaintiff, $1021 76.
Geis vs Greele, judgment for plaintiff, $18 95.
Tradesmen's N. B'k of N. Y. vs Pike et al, judgment for plaintiff, $1123.

A number of the cases set for trial were continued over to next term.

The law side of the Court stands adjourned over to Saturday next, when the cases set for yesterday will be taken up.

To-day the October Term (Criminal side of the Court) will commence pursuant to adjournment. The Grand Jury will be empanneled, sworn and charged, and the Ku-Klux oath administered in due form. There will be an informal call of the trial docket. Court meets to-day at 9 o'clock a.m.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT.—*Geo. W. Reeves, Judge.*—The following cases were disposed of yesterday in the law side of the Court:

Glenn, et ux, vs Glover, judgment by default, $603 75.
Lohman vs Enterprise Insurance Company, motion to set aside judgment.
York, adm'r, vs Saunders, judgement by default.
Miller vs Bartlett et al, judgment by default, $2487 85.
Hills vs Memphis City R. R. Co., dismissed for want of prosecution.

On the criminal side of the Court the following business was transacted:

State vs Russell, suit abated on death of defendant.
State vs Nevills, forfeiture set aside.
State vs Dickenson, submitted, fine $1.
State vs Kincannon, verdict of jury not guilty.

To-day the State docket will be called for trial.

On Monday next the Attorney-General will take up the trial docket, and forfeitures will be taken against all defendants and witnesses not present to answer at the call of the docket.

CHANCERY COURT.—*A. Alston, Clerk and Master.*—The special October term of this Court will commence on Monday next. Over 1500 cases appear on the Hearing Docket of this special term.

An injunction was issued on yesterday in the case of A. G. Slagle vs S. B. Beaumont, restraining Beaumont from interfering with in any manner the said Slagle in the prosecution of his business at No. 30 Monroe street, as keeper of a keno hall, or from arresting any of his guests, or any one connected with the establishment. The flat was granted by Judge Hunter of the Criminal Court.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.—We are informed that recent negotiations of Mr. R. C. Brinkley, President of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad have resulted advantageously to the interest of the road. What is known as the "Peabody claim" has been finally disposed of, thus relieving the enterprise of a great financial weight and rendering valuable assets available. The President has also, we learn, received a sufficient amount of iron rail to lay the track from Madison west to Forrest City. This iron *is now in New Orleans*. The necessary funds for this extension of track and the building of the St. Francis River Bridge have been secured, and the work is to be pushed by the Company. We congratulate Mr. Brinkley and the citizens of Memphis on the results of these negotiations. They are substantial and practical, and give evidence of determination to force this great enterprise through. We must not despair of the future. It may be dark, but bright rays such as this, should encourage the citizens of Memphis to renewed energy, and strengthen their faith that the clouds can be dispelled and the future made glorious Let us each and all work for this result.

NITROUS OXIDE OR LAUGHING GAS. Mr. Colton, who is now in London, produces an autograph scroll of 27,000 persons who have inhaled the gas in America for extraction of teeth and for minor surgical operations, with the most satisfactory results; pain having been annihilated, the patient becoming unconscious, leaving only agreeable recollections. Some of the patients "have had a high time." Curtal entries of "delightful dreams" are abundant. One gentleman went 6000 miles to have teeth extracted with ease, and thinks the journey not too long for the relief from pain experienced by him. We have in Memphis a dentist who has thousands of testimonials and certificates from the persons that have inhaled the gas at his hands, of its delightful and wondrous effect. We allude to Dr. G. H. Hurd, who has his office at No. 72 Jefferson street.

NOT DEAD.—Upon our visit to the Adams street station house at a late hour last night, we learned that Anthony Conway, the garroter who was shot on Wednesday night was still alive, and that the doctors were not agreed as to the wound being necessarily fatal. The cool weather is beneficial in the case. He is now at the hospital.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, October 8.—The river is falling with five feet eight inches in the canal. The weather is clear and cool.

ST. LOUIS, October 8.—The river is still falling, and navigation on the upper streams is difficult. The weather is clear and cool.

MEMPHIS, October 9.—Weather clear and cool. The river is falling at this point quite as rapidly as it goes.

All the upper streams are again low, except the Ohio, which is falling from the source to the mouth, but has still plenty of water for all purposes, from Cincinnati out.

No later news from the Arkansas or White.

Arrivals.

Steamer Mississippi, New Orleans.
" St. Mary's, "
" Bermuda, White river.
" Argonaut, Louisville.

Departures.

Steamer Mississippi, St. Louis.
" Marble City, "
" St. Mary's, Louisville.
" Argonaut, "
" W. A. Caldwell, Arkansas river.

In Port.

Natoma, Bermuda.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was considerable activity on the landing yesterday and the port list was very fair.

The Bermuda has 270 bales of cotton for Louisville and will get away to-day.

The Argonaut left on a late hour last night with 250 bales.

A considerable amount of cotton was also engaged for the Silver Spray which had not arrived at a late hour.

The Belle Lee and the Magenta left New Orleans together on Monday night, and we may expect to hear of a race to Vicksburg. The Magenta comes to this port and will load here for New Orleans to leave on Wednesday, next. Capt. Hicks has determined to fulfill his promise, and we hope he will be remembered. The Belle Lee goes to Louisville.

The towboat A. J. Baker passed down yesterday.

Capt. Gillespie, well known to rivermen, has opened the handsome "Office" saloon, corner of Madison and Front streets. It is now the headquarters of steamboatmen.

The splendid passenger packet Rubicon, Capt. Bill Blake, will pass down this evening for Vicksburg and the bends. She is one of the fine boats in the Vicksburg trade, and is well officered. Alf. Grissom is her chief clerk.

The City of Allen, Capt. Bill Thompson, leaves for New Orleans this p. m. She is well known here as an elegant packet, and Capt. Thompson has no superior on the river as a careful and competent officer.

The fine steamer Natoma goes out to-day for Friar's Point. She is one of the handsomest of our local packets. Capt. Jim Lee is master; Billy Fields, Sterling Whitehead and Stack Lee are clerks.

We learn that the Legal Tender goes into White river as a Friday packet, in connection with the Des Arc.

The Big Horn goes into the New Orleans and Yazoo river trade.

Capt. Dan Able has received the nomination for sheriff by the Conservatives of St. Louis. His opponent is "Butcher O'Neil," of horrible memory.

The following gentlemen went on Capt. Donaldson's bond, at St. Louis: Benj. Johnson, Henry C. Yeager, Thos. Morrison, Bart. Able, J. N. Bofinger, Theo. Lavelle, Geo. C. Wolff, Geo. D. Capen, and Chas. M. Kilgard. The Captain had been in jail since June 24.

Charley Shultz, of Louisville, has purchased one fourth interest in the Virginia Texas private.

The Rapidan is on the ways at Paducah, and will be embellished with a model bow.

The Bermuda, Capt. Hickerson, leaves for Louisville to-day at noon.

The Silver Spray leaves for Cincinnati to day at 10 a.m. Capt. Fenton is master.

Capt. H. W. Sebree bought the Argos at auction yesterday, for the sum of $1125—$500 cash and the balance in four months. Cheap boat. She could have been sold four months ago for $3500. The watching bill paid since she laid at our levee the past eight months, amounted to over $700.

The propeller D. W. Hewitt came into port last evening. She is on her way below on a trading expedition. Capt. John Noel and Jake Swivel, both well known along the river below, are proprietors of the Hewitt, and have loaded her with everything needed by the planter as well as the country merchant.

We have received a letter from Capt. W. R. Nowland, of the Ozark, in reference to an article in the *Avalanche* in which the probability of that boat taking the Radical arms, now lying in our city, was intimated. Capt. Nowland says: "I will state to you that there was about as much probability of the Ozark carrying them as there was of Durff's carrying them off in his vest pocket." While those who know Capt. Nowland need no assurance that he would have no hand in this affair, truth compels us to state that Durff has been negotiating with Comer for the arms, and it is not at all unlikely that the Mackerel brigade will yet become possessed of them.

The United States mail packet Mayflower, Capt. Wm. Ashford, will get away to-morrow for all points on White river. She makes all connections, and is a superb passenger packet. Charley Smither is clerk.

The fine steamer Mary Forsyth, Capt. Zeigler, will be in port to leave for Cairo and St. Louis, to-morrow at her regular hour.

The Cincinnati packet Clifton, Capt. Stein, gets away on Saturday for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati. She is the great base ball champion.

The receipts at the St. Louis Customhouse for September were for Hospital dues, $48 48; tonnage duty, $317 90; inspection fees, lectures, etc., $439 96. Steamboats inspected, 10; bills of sale recorded, 6; steamboats enrolled and licensed, (tonnage 4345), 9; barges enrolled and licensed, (tonnage 220), 2.

The second span of the Dubuque Bridge is up. It is expected the structure will be completed ready for use in December.

During a late discussion on the slip of screw-propellers at the Institution of Naval Architects, London, the Chairman, Vice Admiral Belcher incidentally said he wanted to know now it was that a Japanese vessel of 65 or 70 tons, pulling against his 36-ton gig, with 18-foot oars, beat them outand-out with two sculls? There were four men at each scull, the sculls being in the direction of the axis of the vessel. The sculls drove the Japanese vessel ahead faster than the rig could follow. The distance the scull passed through the water could not have been above six or eight inches, and it was only the bend of the oar which gave diagonal jerk to the vessel.

The question was not there answered, but it is evident the Japanese scullers had an advantage in an almost continuous application of their power. In Venice, the gondola is often driven by a single scull, held, not behind, but on the side of the vessel, and worked to the right and left, without being raised from the water. Thus, the expert gondolier propels and steers his craft with the same paddle.

The Shreveport *Southwestern* says: On Monday last the steamer Pick Varble, Capt. P. C. Montgomery, arrived at this place direct from Louisville, Kentucky, with a full load of rolling stock, machinery, etc., for the Southern Pacific Railroad. Under the presidency of Col. Hall, the Southern Pacific is not so slow a coach as "she used to was."

The New Orleans *Crescent* says: A new Radical club, called the "Loyal Rats," composed entirely of negroes, has been organized. Their uniform consists of a tattered pair of pants, ragged shirts, any kind of a hat they can lay hold of, and their arms or rather accoutrements consist of a sharp knife and a large bag. Their headquarters is situated upon the steamboat landing. Time of meeting—every day at sunrise.

A LOT of nice Dress Buttons and Trimmings, at Rice & Engel's 233 Main street.

Best Prints, 12 1-2 cents; good 4-4 Brown Domestics, 13 1-2 cents; best yard wide Brown Domestics, 18 cents. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay Building. This stock must be closed out.

HOOP Skirts from 25c to $1, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

Ladies' Shoes, $1; Children's Shoes, 50 cents; Ladies' good all Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 25 cents. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., Clay Building. Our Stock Must be closed out.

CHEAP Clothing at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

Gents' good Calf Boots, $4 50; good Suits (coat, pants and Vest), $5; Hats at extra low prices. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main Street. Positively last season in business.

CITY SCRIP FOR SALE.—In amounts to suit purchasers, at
oc6 1w* JACKSON INSURANCE CO.

Best Prints, 12 1-2 cents; good 4-4 Bleached Domestics, 12 1-2c; best Lonsdale Bleached Domestics, 19 cents. Last season in business. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., 231 Main street.

A GOOD Hat can be bought for $1 25, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.—I will pay the above reward, and no questions asked, for the return of my black Newfoundland dog, "Heck." He is about twenty-five months old, has white paws and white belly. The bunch above one of his forepaws was disfigured by a cut when a pup.
T. W. O'DONNELL.
tf McCall street, west of Shelby.

GOOD Corsets for $1 00, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

Look for Cheap Table!—Great bargains in Dress Goods and House Furnishing Goods. Our stock must be closed out this season. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street.

MILES' best Cloth Gaiters $3 50, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

For New Orleans.
CITY OF ALTON.....Wm. Thompson master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 9th inst., at 5 p.m.
RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
oc9 1t 208 Front street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company—U. S. and Steamboat Lines for the East, West and North.
MARY E. FORSYTH.....Alex. Zeigler master
This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on
SATURDAY, 10th inst., at 5 p.m.
oc9 2t FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Louisville Packet—For Cairo, Evansville and Louisville.
BERMUDA.....Dickinson master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 9th inst., at 12 m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oc9 1t 75½ Madison street.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Regular Express Packet—For Cairo, Evansville and Cincinnati.
SILVER SPRAY.....Fenton master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave for the above on
THIS DAY, 9th inst., at 10 a.m.
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
oc9 1t 5 Jefferson street.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
CLIFTON, ...Stein master
This excellent passenger steamer will leave as above
SATURDAY, 10th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oc9 2t No. 75½ Madison street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company.
MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master
This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,
SATURDAY, 10th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oc8 3t Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company,
MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master
This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,
SATURDAY, 10th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.
J. A. Sayers, Passenger Agent. oc8 3t

FOR VICKSBURG.

For Vicksburg and the Bends.
RUBICON.....Blake master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
FRIDAY, 9th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent.
oc8 2t Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

FOR FRIAR'S POINT.

Regular Monday and Friday Packet for Helena
NATOMA.....James Lee master
This elegant passenger packet will leave
FRIDAY, 9th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
oc8 2t 264 Front street.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Regular Tuesday St. Francis River Packet—For Helena Marianna, Madison, Wittsburg and all Way Landings.
MOLLIE HAMBLETON, T. R. Bowman Master
Sam. C. Paine, Shall and Clark, Clerks.
Will leave Memphis EVERY TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent
jal7 tf Star Wharfboat foot Jefferson st.

CLOTHING.

MANUFACTORY

No 13 Barclay Street, N. Y.

A. WM. SPROULE & CO.,

No. 74 Fourth Street St. Louis.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,

Cor. Fourth and Main Sts., Louisville.

SPROULE & M'COWN,

No. 51 St. Charles Street, New Orleans.

SPROULE & M'COWN,

Corner Washington and Crawford Streets, Vicksburg.

SPROULE & M'COWN

221

MAIN STREET

UNDER

WORSHAM HOUSE,

MEMPHIS,

ARE NOW RECEIVING

THEIR

FALL & WINTER

STOCK OF GENTS'

FINE CLOTHING

—AND—

Furnishing Goods.

Deal Exclusively in Fine

Custom - Made Goods.

HAVING AMPLE MEANS, WE

BUY EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH,

AND HAVING

NO MANUFACTURERS' PROFIT TO PAY

AND EVERY

Facility the Market Affords,

WE WILL MAKE IT

TO THE ADVANTAGE OF ALL

TO BUY

FIRST CLASS GOODS

SPROULE & McCOWN,

221 MAIN STREET,

Under Worsham House,

Memphis, Tennessee.

OPENING DAY!

MENKEN BROTHERS

WILL DISPLAY

ON WEDNESDAY, 7th OCTOBER,

PARISIAN AND LONDON NOVELTIES

—IN—

Ladies' Cloaks, Opera Sacques,
Walking Suits, Underwear,
Misses' Cloaks, Baby Goods.

Also, an Entire New and Fashionable Stock of

SILKS, POPLINS AND DRESS GOODS.

HARTFORD INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 15 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

FIRE AND INLAND POLICIES PROMPTLY ISSUED & UPON EQUITABLE TERMS

DWELLING HOUSES INSURED AT VERY CHEAP RATES

Capital Represented, : : : : : $8,000,000 00

☞ Life and Accident Insurance, at Low Cash or Participating Rates, can be obtained, and Policies Granted from this Office.

sep17 3m H. P. BUTLER, General Agent.

D. B. FORSTER. CHAS. W. KEALHOFER. THOS. DAY

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

209 Main Street, 4 Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn

sep17 3m

S. B. WILLIAMSON. N. HILL. N. FONTAINE

WILLIAMSON, HILL & CO.,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

326 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

IN view of the near approrch of the Fall season, it affords us much pleasure in again being able to call the attention of our friends and the public at large to our recently enlarged stock of Goods, comprising in part as follows:

| |

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FINANCE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, October 8, 1868. }

There is no change to report in money matters to-day, so far as they refer to bank affairs. Exchange is abundant upon all points except on New Orleans, but there is little demand for the latter. We quote all cotton bills at ½c discount. Selling at par.

There is an active call for money for legitimate business purposes, and so far as we can learn our banks are giving all the aid in their power in this way; but the demand for money to remove cotton is so urgent that few are in a position to extend more than temporary aid.

Outside of City Bonds we failed to hear of any transactions to-day in the Stock market. A sale of $17,500 of the above was reported at 50c.

City Scrip has been somewhat lower owing to the fact that a large amount, held as collateral by one of our banks, had to be thrown upon the market. Sales were made, we learn, as low as 72c in small amounts, but we have a sale of $2500 to report at 72½c. The lot held as collateral was no doubt absorbed to-day by tax payers. Dealers buy at 70@72c, and sell at 73@75c.

County Warrants are firmer. Dealers are at variance in their views about this scrip. One prominent broker bought $9000 at 60c during the day, while others are buying at 56@58c, and sell readily at 60@62c. Very small pieces are held at 65c.

School Scrip is steady at 80@85c buying; selling at 85@90c.

Police Scrip is firm. Buying at 80c; selling at 85c.

Gold opened in New York to-day at 139½c, and closed at 139¾c. We quote at 137@137½c buying; selling at 138@138¾c.

The West has been drawing heavily on New York for some weeks back, in the way of currency, and our section has also been calling in their balances from that quarter in order to meet the heavy drain upon our banks for the removal of cotton. The crops are now in motion, and are flowing back to New York. The *Mercantile Journal* says, in reference to this matter:

We may anticipate a speedy and vigorous resumption of business in its most active and energetic forms, so soon as we shall have got rid of the excitement attendant upon the elections to occur in the great Middle States in October the contest there being deemed by all parties as in a great measure decisive of the Presidential canvass. At all events, should the conclusion of the political contest be such as can be generally accepted for a guarantee of restored harmony and good feeling in all parts of the country, we shall witness a great and salutary revival in affairs ere the middle of November.

The same paper says: Notwithstanding our 5-20 coupon bonds of the issue of 1862, are quoted ¾ of 1 per cent. higher in London now, than one week ago—they have declined 2½@3 c. here since our last report, the market having among other things been influenced by the decline in Gold. It is a matter worthy of remark that the decline on the other issues were scarcely half so much. Our readers should remember that which we stated in these columns a few weeks since to the effect that the later issues of 5-20's were intrinsically more valuable than the early issues.

The *National Intelligencer* publishes at length on the 5th inst., what it declares to be a transcript of the facts and figures of the books of the Treasury Department, showing that the public debt has increased since the 1st of April, 1865, over $165,000,000, and that since the 1st of May of the present year the debt has increased $55,000,000.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market was dull at the opening to-day—Uplands, 10⅝d; Orleans, 11d; and was easier before the close—Uplands, 10⅝d; Orleans, 10¾d.

The New York market opened dull and lower—Low Middlings, 24½c; Uplands, 25½c; Orleans, 25½c; Good Middlings, 27¼c. At noon the market was inactive and drooping, with all grades down ¼c. At 3 p.m. prices were nominal, and at the close were grade lower and market dull—Low Middlings, 24c; Uplands, 25c; Orleans, 25½c; Good Middlings, 26¼c. Sales reported at 800 bales.

Our market, except for a short time in the early part of the day, was very dull and prices gradually declined to the close, when 22c was hard to realize for Middlings—the decline amounting during the day to about 1c. We quote sales of 3 bales Ordinary at 21c, 3 at 20½c, 5 at 20c; 5 bales Good Ordinary at 20c, 5 at 22c, 2 at 22¼c, 4 at 21½c, 8 at 21¾c, 16 at 21¾c, 14 at 21¾c; 80 bales Low Middling at 22¼c, 16 at 22½c, 6 at 22¾c, 34 at 22c, 2 at 22c, 7 at 22c, 21 at 22c, 22 at 22c, 8 at 22c, 10 at 22c, 8 at 21¾c, 2 at 21½c; 5 bales Middlings at 22½c, 3 at 22¾c, 24 at 22¾c, 16 at 23c, 18 at 22¾c, 8 at 22¾c, 1 at 22¾c, 8 at 22½c, 2 at 22½c, 7 at 22½c, 16 at 22¼c, 3 at 22¼c, 38 at 23¼c, 23 at 23c, 56 at 23c, 2 at 23c; 2 bales Strict Middlings at 23c, 7 at 23½c, 9 at 23½c.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, }
MEMPHIS, October 8, 1868. }

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868	47
Received to-day	462
Received previously	6131 6593
Exported to-day	131
Exported previously	4234 4365
Stock on hand to-day, 6 p.m.	2.64

TRADE.

The slight storm of last night did not affect the business of our city to-day. The jobbing trade was quite active, and plantation supplies of every kind were in fair demand. Like yesterday, country wagons were in town in numbers, and all of them departed for home with their quotas of meats, etc. Clear sides and mess pork are very scarce, but the anticipation of fresh supplies to morrow narrowed the demand down to very small dimensions. Enough to carry them through the day seemed to be all that our houses desired. In our quotations of clear sides our readers must remember that the seeming large margin between our inside and outside quotations at this season is caused by the quality. There are at all times, but especially in the latter part of the season, a lot of ragged, ill cured, dirty odds and ends of meats shipped to this and other southern markets for sale on consignment. These meats are sold on arrival for what they will bring, and although they at times comprise a large proportion of our sales, they are not properly considered as governing the market. Well cured, clean, bright sides are always preferred, and generally range from ½ to 1c higher. Corn, hay and oats are scarce and in good demand.

APPLES—Green are becoming scarce. We quote choice at $4@4 50 per bbl.

BRAN—Very little in market. Held at $22@27 per ton.

BAGGING—There is a fair demand for all kinds except India, which is dull. Todd's 1¾@1¾c; Kentucky, full weight, 2½@2¾c; Indik 26@27c.

BUTTER—Moderate supply. Extra choice, 45c; good Western, 35@40c; common not in demand.

BACON—The market is bare of Clear Sides. Jobbing at 17½@18c, but none can be had by the cask at less than 17½c. Shoulders, 12½@13½c as to cure.

CHEESE—Fair stock and demand. W. R., 17½@18c; Factory, 16@18c; E. D. 19½@20c.

CORN—Only a few sacks received, which sold to the mills at 1 02½c. Held at $1 05 in store. New Ear, 70c from wagons.

CORN MEAL—Firm at $4 75 from levee and depot; $5 from store.

CATTLE—Market irregular and stock better. Choice Western, 6@7c; Inferior, 2@5c.

CHICKENS—Dull and prices irregular. Selling at $3 to $4 25 per dozen.

EGGS—Stock better and prices lower. Selling at 27@30c.

FRUIT—Dried apples in demand at 7@8c; Dried peaches, 8@11c.

FLOUR—Market is dull. Superfine, $6 50@7; X, $6@6 50; XX, $7@8; XXX and fancy family, $11 50@13.

HAY—Stock right. Selling from flatboat at $22; from store $25@28.

HAMS—Country sugar-cured canvassed, 17½@18½c; city do., 19@20c; plain canvassed, 17@18½c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c; dry salt, 17@18c; green salt, 10@11c; green, 8@9c.

IRON TIES—Good demand. Held at 6½@6¾c, as to style of tie.

LARD—Prices steady. Kegs, 21½@22c; tierce, 20@21c.

LIME—Cape and Alabama, $1 50@2. Eureka, $2@2 25.

MOLASSES—Fair stock. Sugarhouse, 65@80; Porto Rico, 65@85c; Syrups, 75c@1 25.

MESS PORK—Full weight regular brands scarce at $33; prime mess, $28@28 50; rump $26@27; lower, $25.

MACKEREL—New kits No. 1, $2 90@3; No. 2, $1 85@2 75; No. 3, $2 35@2 50.

NAILS—Prices steady at 5@5½c.

OATS—Light stock. Held in store at 65@70c.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Stock fair. Firm at $3 50@4 00 per bbl.

POTATOES—Few good in market and demand fair at 80@$1 per bushel. Sweet, 75@90c.

ROPE—Very little selling. Held at 9@10c.

SHEEP—Stock only moderate. Choice Western, $4@5 50 per head; Tennessee, $2@3 50 as to quality.

SUGAR—The stock on hand is fair. We quote prime to choice Louisiana, 11, 12, 13@13½c; common to fair, 10@11c; Island, 12½@13c.

SALT—Prices weak. Held at $3 25@3 35 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrel, $1 60@1 75; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $2@3 25.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5@6 50.

TOBACCO—Market firm and prices same as last week. Stock large and well selected.

WHISKY—Prices are firmer. We quote high wines, $1 37½ per gal; common rectified, $1 20@1 30; imitation Bourbon, $1 05@1 10; Bourbon, $2 25@4.

CINCINNATI.

JOHN DUBOIS, JAS. S. AUGUR, W. H. WILLIAMS

DUBOIS & AUGUR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES

47 Race Street, Cincinnati.

sep9 3m

E. O. HURD. BURCKHARDT & CO.

E. O. HURD & CO.,

Cotton Commission Merchants,

No. 101 Sycamore Street, Cincinnati.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Orders for Goods solicited. sep9 ly

Arkansas Reports for Sale.

FOR SALE two complete sets of the Reports of the Supreme Court of Arkansas, from Vol. 1 to vol. 24 inclusive. One set almost entirely new. Apply to jly3 E. W. PIKE.

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT of THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Globe Mutual Life

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK,

On the 10th Day of September, 1868

THE name of the Company is the GLOBE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. It is located in New York.

The amount of its Capital Stock is $100,000
The amount of Capital paid up is 100,000

ASSETS:

Cash on on hand and deposited	$ 112,027 08
Real Estate unencumbered—none	
Debts due the Company secured by mortgage on unencumbered Real Estate, worth 100 per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for	24,350 00
Debts due the Comp'ny otherwise secured, loans on U. S. Bonds	21,800 00
Debts due the Company for premiums, "deferred premiums," Agents account	158,994 05 72,556 71
Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, per vouchers accompanying, how secured, and rate of interest thereon, to-wit:	

	par val.	M'k't val.	
U. S. Bonds, 1881 B'nds register'd, 103½	337,000	365,645 00	
U. S. 5-20 1867 B'nds register'd, 104½	37,550	39,286 00	
U. S. 10-40 B'nds register'd, 101½	40,000	42,750 00	
N. York county stock, registered, 100	10,000	10,000 00	
Brooklyn City Bonds register'd, 102	35,000	36,900 00	555,641 00
All other securities			25,822 08
Total assets of the Company to January 1, 1868			$1,171,193 56

LIABILITIES:

1. The amount of liabilities due and not due to Banks and other creditors, dividends on policies	85,989 49
2. Losses adjusted and due—None.	
3. Losses adjusted and not due	
4. Losses unadjusted	35,250 00
5. Losses in suspense waiting further proof	
6. All other claims against the Company estimated	25,000 00
Total Liabilities, exclusive of Capital Stock, Re-insurance and Reserve Fund	$146,239 49

The greatest amount insured in any one risk, $10,000.

STATE OF NEW YORK, } ss.
City and County of New York, }

John A. Hardenberg, Second Vice-President, and Henry C. Freeman, Secretary of the Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said company; that said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least One Hundred Thousand Dollars of actual cash capital, invested in state and United States stocks and bonds, or in bonds or mortgages of real estate, unencumbered, and worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and that they are the above described officers of said Insurance Company, and that the assets have not been diminished, but have materially increased since the date of the statement.

JOHN A. HARDENBERG,
2d Vice-President.
HENRY C. FREEMAN, Sec'y.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of September, 1868.

[SEAL] THOS. SADLER,
Commissioner for Tennessee.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
NASHVILLE, July 1, 1868. }

I, G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company, located at New York in the State of New York, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that H. T. Tomlinson & Co., Agents of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and enacted in such cases; wherefore, said Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN,
By PLUNKETT,
Comptroller of Tennessee.

H. T. TOMLINSON, M. S. JUDAH

H. T. TOMLINSON & CO,

General Agents for Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Alabama,

No. 17 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.

AGENTS WANTED—Men of good character, integrity and enterprise, can secure Agencies in the unoccupied territory, by immediate application at the office, No. 17 Madison street, Memphis. sep19 3w

HARDWARE

ALLISON BROS.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

CUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,

MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street.

☞ Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock, which we are now daily receiving, before making their purchases elsewhere. Our Stock is large and complete, embracing every variety in a GENERAL HARDWARE BUSINESS, and we feel assured that we can offer the Merchants superior inducements to trade with us. We are determined to suit them in prices. Come and see.

sep6 3m ALLISON BROS.

MUSICAL.

F. KATZENBACH

317
MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Sheet Music, Music Books, Pianos, Organs and Melodeons, Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise of every description.

Sole Agent for Steinway & Sons' Gold Medal Pianos, and Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

CARDS.

LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAMES made to order.

Mouldings of all styles, Oil Paintings, Chromos, and Pictures of every description, for sale.

Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List. Schools furnished at as low rates as at New York or New Orleans.

Orders from the country punctually attended to. Small packages of Strings and Sheet Music will be sent by mail if the approximate amount of cash accompanies the order. Large packages by express, C. O. D. au20

CARDS.

A CARD.

A REPORT having obtained credence that I have withdrawn from the LIFE INSURANCE business, I take this method of notifying the Public that I am still connected with

The New York Life Insurance Company

Feeling thankful for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore bestowed on me by my friends in Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas, I respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

I have also associated with me in business, Mr. T. C. CASKIN, formerly of South Carolina, a gentleman I cordially recommend to my friends and patrons. S. D. McCLURE.

sep6

INSURANCE.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH

—OF THE—

KNICKERBOCKER

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $4,000,000

Policies issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, Mc-Nutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
R. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. R. J. Semmes & Co.,
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Parties & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MHOON, of Messrs. Mhoon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs N. S. Green & Co.;
J. BEAUWOOD MERKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

R. W. MITCHELL, M.D., FRANK RICE, M.D.

GENERAL AGENT,

JOHN F. WILKERSON,

For West Tennessee and North Mississippi.

MANAGERS:

S. B. CLARKE & CO.

feb18

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $300,000

OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

OFFICERS:

C. P. NORRIS.....President.
J. J. MURPHY.....Vice-President.
J. R. STEBBINS.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

F. S. DAVIS,	J. W. JEFFERSON,
J. J. MURPHY,	L. M. WOLCOTT,
F. W. SMITH,	N. CORONNA,
NAPOLEON HILL,	S. M. GATES,
C. F. SMITH,	C. C. PARTEE,
R. LOWENSTEIN,	THOMAS FISHER,
W. R. MORE,	J. S. MCNKEN,
B. EISEMAN,	W. W. SCHOOLFIELD,
T. F. MACKALL,	THOMAS R. SMITH,
R. C. GIST,	A. SEESSEL.

1e4

INSURANCE.

Fire & Inland Navigation Risks

MEMPHIS INSURANCE AGENCY,

22 Madison Street.

THE FOLLOWING STAUNCH, RELIABLE and well known Insurance Companies are represented at the Memphis Insurance Agency, No. 22 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

ÆTNA OF HARTFORD.

Assets.....$ 4,833,543
Total Losses Paid.....21,271,972

HARTFORD OF HARTFORD.

INCORPORATED, A.D., 1810.

Assets.....$2,026,220

H. A. LITTLETON, Agent.

ROME OF NEW YORK.

Assets.....$6,623,896

SECURITY OF NEW YORK.

Assets.....$1,477,677

ENTERPRISE OF CINCINNATI.

Capital.....$1,000,000

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, Ag'ts.

Losses Paid at this Agency.

☞ Applications for Marine and Accident Insurance promptly attended to. je17 3m

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : : Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. VACCARO,	S. H. DUNSCOMB,
S. B. WILLIAMSON,	M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD,	E. McDAVITT,
	D. H. TOWNSEND.

jy10 tf

FRUITS AND PRODUCE

J. C. HOAGLAN. D. R. KIMBALL.

HOAGLAN & KIMBALL,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

For the Sale and Purchase of

Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

PRODUCE, ETC.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO

Dried Fruit and Sweet Potatoes

No. 13 Dearborn Street,

sep15 3m CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

DRY GOODS.

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

Cash! Cash!

WE are daily receiving very heavy shipments of

Fall and Winter Goods,

—EMBRACING—

English, French and American Dress Fabrics,

Southern Made Osnaburgs, Shirtings and Sheetings,

Cotton, Wool and Silk Hosiery and Gloves,

10, 11 and 12 1-4 Red Blankets, an ton and all Wool Flannels,

—AND—

A General Assortment of Notions.

TERMS CASH.
ONE PRICE.
NO DEVIATION.

We have suspended ALL accounts (except to Merchants), and have reduced our prices. We sell FOR CASH, and hope no one will ask time on purchase. HOWELL, WOOD & CO.,
sep9 3ra SOUTHERN PALACE, 306 Main street.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

RALPH WORMELEY,

(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)

COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERchant, No. 316 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my services at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other Produce, assuring them of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealous care their interests.

Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured unless otherwise instructed. au4 3m

sep29 RALPH WORMELEY.

HUGH TORRANCE,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

Gen'l Commission Merchant,

NO. 10 JEFFERSON ST., TITUS BLOCK,

OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE

T. H. & J. M. ALLEN & CO.

194 Common Street, N. O.

THOS. H. ALLEN & CO.,

7 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

se8 3m

J. T. FARGASON. J. H. TALBERT, C. C. CLAY
OF MISSISSIPPI, WITH

FARGASON & CLAY,

[Successors to Fargason, Cordes & Co.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 330 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. se8 6m

JOHN S. TOOF, CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

And dealers in

Plantation & Family Supplies.

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
sept No. 226 Front street.

F. LANE. J. H. MARTIN

F. LANE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

Corner Union and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE

☞ Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. au9

J. A. SHANE. DR. A. HARRIS

SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,

(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.,)

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION

And Forwarding Merchants,

254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. U. HARRIS & CO., No. 17 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

S. M. NELSON. JNO. F. TITUS

NELSON & TITUS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 10 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We are successors to the old firm of Titus & Co., and would be pleased if the old customers continue their business with us. We also respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the South. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed.

MEMPHIS, TENN., September 4, 1868.

On retiring from active business, I respectfully call attention to the above card, which contains the names of my own and my old partner's son, and solicit for them the patronage of my old customers and friends. I can always be found at their office, where I will be pleased to meet my old friends.

se5 2m F. TITUS.

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

230 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au1 3m*

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of NORTON & JOY, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. JAMES NORTON, LEVI JOY.

Memphis, Tenn., July 6, 1868.

CARD.

JAMES NORTON, late Davis & Norton. LEVI JOY, late Wormeley, Joy & Co.

NORTON & JOY.

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 334 Front Street, : : : Memphis, Tenn.

jy5 3m

HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 254 Front Street,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of Flour, Meal, Bacon, Pork, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties, which they offer at the lowest market rates. au16

W. L. STEWART,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 2 Bank Alley,

Near Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Will attend promptly to the sale of Cotton and Produce, and fill orders for supplies for customers. au23 3m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.

J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 254 Front Street.

UP STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We will sell all COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us. au13 3m

COTTON---COMMISSION.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm style of WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO., is dissolved—having expired by limitation on the 1st of July past.

Mr. Wm. S. Pickett remains in charge of the books, accounts and assets of the late firm, and is charged with the settlement and liquidation of its affairs.

RALPH WORMELEY,
W. S. PICKETT,
J. D. USSERY.

W. S. PICKETT & CO.,

(Successors to Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Memphis, Tennessee.

AS liquidating partner of the late firm of Wormeley, Pickett & Co., I shall continue the Commission Business under the above style, and solicit consignments of Cotton and other Produce, on which liberal advances will be made when required.

sep28 W. S. PICKETT.

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. BILL, Memphis. J. T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merch'ts

Agents for the Sale of Sheeting, Cotton Yarns and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder, and Printing Paper,

274 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

sep13 3m

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 278 Front Street, Up-stairs,

Over R. S. Taylor & Co.,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.

sep13 3m

J. L. VERSER,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

314 FRONT STREET,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

BAGGING, ROPE AND TIES FURNISHED at Lowest Market Prices. Cotton shipped by river, and all Cotton in store will be insured unless otherwise instructed. au14 3m

J. W. DICKINSON. W. W. WILLIAMS. DR. R. F. DICKINSON.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.,)

COTTON FACTORS,

General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,

210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will hand, or Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignments. sept 3m

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. FRANK HARBERT, Memphis, Tenn.

Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,

—WITH—

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

No. 290 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sept 3m

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of LEVY & SHARPE, for the transaction of a general Commission and Steamboat Agency business.

E. A. LEVY.
JAS. B. SHARPE.

Memphis, Sept. 1, 1868.

CARD.

E. A. LEVY, Late Levy & Miller.
JAS. B. SHARPE, Late of Pine Bluff, Ark.

LEVY & SHARPE,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

AND

General Steamboat Agents,

No. 250 Front Street,

sep4 tf MEMPHIS, TENN.

CHAS. COFFIN. HECTOR COFFIN.

COFFIN BROS.,

DEALERS IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

392 Main Street,

(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. se5 8m

N. R. JUDSON, Mishawaka, Ind. J. G. ALEXANDER
T. H. JUDSON, M. G. MATTHEWS.

JUDSON & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

Rooms 35 & 36, Lee Block, Union street,

Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to our customers. Also, all Cotton shipped to us will be covered by our open policy of Insurance, unless otherwise instructed. sept 3m

J. C. NEELY. S. H. BROOKS. H. M. NEELY.

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

COTTON FACTORS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

BOAT AND BAR STORES,

No. 276 Front Street,

(Between Court and Madison,)

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

sep3 3m

WELL BORING.

WATER! WATER!

WELL BORING.

HAVING purchased the right for Tennessee, of Heath & Co.'s Patent Well Borer, we offer for sale a few County Rights, and also to bore wells on the shortest notice. This invention is pronounced by all practical men who have seen it, and those who have used it as unrivalled for the purpose designed. The Well occupies so little space; is so safe from any nuisance and accident; so neat and durable, that it may be located anywhere desired. We are prepared to show specimen Wells and the whole apparatus to parties desiring to see them. We have indisputable testimonials of the superiority and cheapness of these Wells over all others known. From fifteen to twenty dollars per day can be made by any intelligent working man in the use of this invention. A gang of five or six persons wanting Wells can buy a County Right for what a well would cost them, and work it to great profit for others. For such, opportunities are ever offered for investing a few hundred dollars to advantage.

Address H. PLUMFORDER & CO., au28 No. 296 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR, J. R. S. GILLILAND,

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

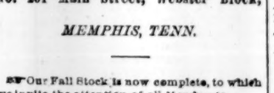
☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants.

sept 3m

UNDERTAKERS.

JAS. FLAHERTY. JOHN WALSH

FLAHERTY & WALSH,



FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS

METALLIC CASES, CASKETS AND WOODen Coffins, of all kinds, constantly on hand; also, Self-sealing Air-tight Zinc Burial Cases and Caskets—largest size weighing 5 lbs., and of latest style. All orders promptly attended to.

Storehouse No. 317 Second Street,

Between Union and Monroe streets. Residence, No. 188 Union street.

Having been engaged in this business for 25 years, we feel assured that we can give satisfaction. jy8 3m

B. MCCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No 300 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee,

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ja9

WINES AND LIQUORS.

SCHOOLFIELD & HANAUER

WHOLESAL

GROCERS & LIQUOR DEALERS

And Manufacturers' Agents for

"Virginia Shot and Lead,"

"Schoenberger's Nails,"

And "Ohio River Salt,"

No. 256 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN

sep10 1m

Depot of the Celebrated

"Hoffheimer's" Bavarian Bitters,

—AT—

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 276 Front street, : : : Memphis, Tenn

jy4 3m

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO. M. MAGEVNEY, JR. A. B. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

my8

To Arrive:

19 barrels Alcohol.

In Store:

25 bbls. Copper Distilled Whisky

100 bbls. Rectified Whisky.

In Bond:

77 barrels Rectified Whisky.

60 barrels High Wines.

All of which we offer for sale low for Cash or Approved Paper.

SMITH & LEECH,

au13 3m **342 Second Street,**

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Schnapps.

THE above Medicinal Beverage is manufactured by the proprietor, at his distillery, in Schiedam, Holland, expressly for medicinal use.

It is now some twenty years since the proprietor first introduced it to the American public, and during that time has received over three thousand letters from physicians, indorsing it as the purest liquor they have ever used in their practice.

It is made from barley of the finest quality, selected with great care from the products of the most celebrated grain-growing districts, is flavored with the essence of the aromatic juniper-berry of Italy, and is rectified by a peculiar process, which expels from the spirit every acrid particle.

As a means of preventing and correcting the disagreeable and often dangerous effect produced upon the stomach and bowels by a change of water—a visitation to which travelers, new settlers, and all unacclimated persons in the United States, and Southwest are peculiarly liable—the SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS will be found absolutely infallible; while in cases of dropsy, gravel, obstructions of the kidneys, diseases of the bladder, stricture, dyspepsia and general debility, it is recommended most emphatically by the most distinguished members of the medical profession.

It is put up in quart and pint bottles, in cases, with the name of the undersigned on the bottle and cork, and a facsimile of his signature on the label. For sale by all respectable druggists and country merchants.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,

Sole Manufacturer and Importer.

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,

Agents, Memphis.

WELL BORING.

WATER! WATER!

WELL BORING.

HAVING purchased the right for Tennessee, of Heath & Co.'s Patent Well Borer, we offer for sale a few County Rights, and also to bore wells on the shortest notice. This invention is pronounced by all practical men who have seen it, and those who have used it as unrivalled for the purpose designed. The Well occupies so little space; is so safe from any nuisance and accident; so neat and durable, that it may be located anywhere desired. We are prepared to show specimen Wells and the whole apparatus to parties desiring to see them. We have indisputable testimonials of the superiority and cheapness of these Wells over all others known. From fifteen to twenty dollars per day can be made by any intelligent working man in the use of this invention. A gang of five or six persons wanting Wells can buy a County Right for what a well would cost them, and work it to great profit for others. For such, opportunities are ever offered for investing a few hundred dollars to advantage.

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DISSOLUTIONS.

Dissolution.

THE Firm of W.